OPERATIONS MANUAL

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MultiLab 4010(P)-1

DIGITAL METER FOR IDS SENSORS (PH/ORP/D.O./COND)



a xylem brand



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1 Overview

1.1 MultiLab 4010-1 meter

The compact, digital precision meter MultiLab 4010-1 enables you to carry out pH measurements, ORP measurements, conductivity measurements and dissolved oxygen (D.O.) measurements quickly and reliably.

The MultiLab 4010-1 provides the maximum degree of operating comfort, reliability and measuring certainty for all applications.

The MultiLab 4010-1 supports you in your work with the following functions:

- Automatic sensor recognition
- CMC (continuous measurement control)
- QSC (sensor quality control)
- Electronic access control
- Data transmission via the USB interface (USB-B).



1.2 MultiLab 4010P-1 meter with integrated printer

The integrated printer of the MultiLab 4010P-1 enables to document measurements according to GLP requirements.



The information concerning the printer of the MultiLab 4010P-1 is given in a separate chapter (see section 12 PRINTER (ONLY MULTILAB 4010P-1), page 83).



1.3 Sensors

A measuring system ready to measure consists of the MultiLab 4010-1 meter and a suitable sensor.

Suitable sensors are IDS pH sensors, IDS ORP sensors, IDS conductivity sensors and IDS D.O. sensors.

1.3.1 IDS sensors

IDS sensors

- support the automatic sensor recognition
- show only the settings relevant to the specific sensor in the setting menu
- process signals in the sensor digitally so that precise and interference-free measurements are enabled even with long cables
- facilitate to assign a sensor to a measured parameter with differently colored couplings

• have quick-lock couplings with which to fix the sensors to the meter.

Sensor data from IDS sensors IDS sensors transmit the following sensor data to the meter:

- SENSOR ID
 - Sensor name
 - Sensor series number
 - Calibration data
- Measurement settings

The calibration data are updated in the IDS sensor after each calibration procedure. A message is displayed while the data are being updated in the sensor.



In the measured value display, you can display the sensor name and series number of the selected sensor with the [Info] softkey. You can then display further sensor data stored in the sensor with the [More] softkey (see section 4.1.5 SENSOR INFO, page 18).

1.3.2 Automatic sensor recognition

The automatic sensor recognition for IDS sensors allows

- to operate an IDS sensor with different meters without recalibrating
- to assign measurement data to an IDS sensor
 - Measurement datasets are always stored and output with the sensor name and sensor series number.
- to assign calibration data to an IDS sensor
 - Calibration data and calibration history are always stored and output with the sensor name and sensor series number.
- to hide menus automatically that do not concern this sensor

To be able to use the automatic sensor recognition, a meter that supports the automatic sensor recognition (e.g. MultiLab 4010-1) and a digital IDS sensor are required.

In digital IDS sensors, sensor data are stored that clearly identify the sensor. The sensor data are automatically taken over by the meter.

2 Safety

2.1 Safety information

2.1.1 Safety information in the operating manual

This operating manual provides important information on the safe operation of the meter. Read this operating manual thoroughly and make yourself familiar with the meter before putting it into operation or working with it. The operating manual must be kept in the vicinity of the meter so you can always find the information you need.

Important safety instructions are highlighted in this operating manual. They are indicated by the warning symbol (triangle) in the left column. The signal word (e.g. "Caution") indicates the level of danger:

WARNING

indicates a possibly dangerous situation that can lead to serious (irreversible) injury or death if the safety instruction is not followed.



CAUTION

indicates a possibly dangerous situation that can lead to slight (reversible) injury if the safety instruction is not followed.

NOTE

indicates a possibly dangerous situation where goods might be damaged if the actions mentioned are not taken.

2.1.2 Safety signs on the meter

Note all labels, information signs and safety symbols on the meter and in the battery compartment. A warning symbol (triangle) without text refers to safety information in this operating manual.

2.1.3 Further documents providing safety information

The following documents provide additional information, which you should observe for your safety when working with the measuring system:

- · Operating manuals of sensors and other accessories
- Safety datasheets of calibration or maintenance accessories (such as buffer solutions, electrolyte solutions, etc.)

2.2 Safe operation

2.2.1 Authorized use

The authorized use of the meter consists exclusively of the measurement of the pH, ORP, conductivity and dissolved oxygen in a laboratory environment.

Only the operation and running of the meter according to the instructions and technical specifications given in this operating manual is authorized (see section 15 TECHNICAL DATA, page 92).

Any other use is considered unauthorized.

2.2.2 Requirements for safe operation

Note the following points for safe operation:

- The meter may only be operated according to the authorized use specified above.
- The meter may only be supplied with power by the energy sources mentioned in this operating manual.
- The meter may only be operated under the environmental conditions mentioned in this operating manual.
- The meter may only be opened if this is explicitly described in this operating manual (example: Inserting the batteries).

2.2.3 Unauthorized use

The meter must not be put into operation if:

- it is visibly damaged (e.g. after being transported)
- it was stored under adverse conditions for a lengthy period of time (storing conditions, see section 15 TECHNICAL DATA, page 92).

3 Commissioning

3.1 Scope of delivery

- Meter MultiLab 4010-1 / MultiLab 4010P-1
- 4 batteries 1.5 V Mignon type AA
- Power pack
- USB cable (A plug on mini B plug)
- Stand
- Stand holder
- Comprehensive operating manual
- Short instructions
- CD-ROM with
 - USB drivers
 - comprehensive operating manual
 - software MultiLab User
 - software MultiLab Importer

3.2 Power supply

The MultiLab 4010-1 is supplied with power in the following ways:

- Mains operation with the supplied power pack
- Battery operation (4 batteries, 1.5 V Mignon type AA)
- USB operation via a connected USB-B cable

3.3 Initial commissioning

Perform the following activities:

- Insert the supplied batteries
- For mains operation: Connect the power pack
- If necessary, mount the stand
- Switch on the meter (see section 4.2 SWITCHING ON THE METER, page 19)
- Set the date and time (see section 4.5.5 EXAMPLE 2 ON NAVIGATION: SETTING THE DATE AND TIME, page 26)

3.3.1 Inserting the batteries



You can operate the meter either with normal batteries or with rechargeable batteries (Ni-MH). In order to charge the batteries, an external charging device is required.

1. Open the battery compartment (1) on the underside of the meter.





Make sure that the poles of the batteries are positioned correctly.

The \pm signs on the batteries must correspond to the \pm signs in the battery compartment.

- 2. Place four batteries (type Mignon AA) in the battery compartment.
- 3. Close the battery compartment (1).
- 4. Set the date and time (see section 4.5.5 EXAMPLE 2 ON NAVIGATION: SETTING THE DATE AND TIME, page 26).

3.3.2 Connecting the power pack



CAUTION The line voltage at the operating site must lie within the input voltage range of the original power pack (see section 15.2 GENERAL DATA, page 92).

CAUTION

Use original power packs only (see section 15.2 GENERAL DATA, **page 92).**

- 1. Connect the plug of the power pack to the socket for the power pack on the MultiLab 4010-1.
- 2. Connect the original power pack to an easily accessible power outlet.

3.3.3 Mounting the stand

The stand base can be mounted at the right side of the meter.



4 Operation

4.1 General operating principles

4.1.1 Keypad

In this operating manual, keys are indicated by brackets <..>. The key symbol (e.g. **<MENU/ENTER>**) generally indicates a short keystroke (press and release) in this operating manual. A long keystroke (press and hold for approx. 2 sec) is indicated by the underscore behind the key symbol (e.g. **<MENU/ENTER__**>).

F1 F2	<f1>: <f1>: <f2>: <f2>:</f2></f2></f1></f1>	Softkeys providing situation dependent functions, e.g.: <pre><f1>/[Info]: View information on a sensor</f1></pre>
Ċ	<on off="">:</on>	Switches the meter on or off
M	<m>:</m>	Selects the measured parameter / Quits the settings
CAL	<cal>: <cal_>:</cal_></cal>	Calls up the calibration procedure Displays the calibration data
STO	<\$TO>: <\$TO>:	Saves a measured value manually Opens the menu for the automatic save function
RCL	<rcl>: <rcl>:</rcl></rcl>	Displays the manually stored measured values Displays the automatically stored measured values
	< ▲ ><♥>: < ▲_ ><♥>:	Menu control, navigation Increments, decrements values Increments, decrements values continuously
ENTER	<menu enter="">: <menu enter="">:</menu></menu>	Opens the menu for measurement settings / confirms entries Opens the menu for system settings
AR	<ar></ar>	Freezes the measured value (HOLD function) Switches the AutoRead measurement on or off

4.1.2 Display

Example (pH):



4.1.3 Status information (meter)

AR	Stability control (AutoRead) is active
HOLD	Measured value is frozen (<ar></ar> key)
	Batteries are almost empty
	Data are automatically output to the USB-B interface at intervals

4.1.4 Instrument connectors





CAUTION

Only connect sensors to the meter that cannot return any voltages or currents that are not allowed (> SELV and > current circuit with current limiting).

YSI IDS sensors and IDS adapters meet these requirements.

4.1.5 Sensor info

You can display the current sensor data and sensor settings of a connected sensor at any time. The sensor data are available in the measured value display with the **<F1>**/[*Info*] softkey.



1. In the measured value display: Display the sensor data (sensor name, series number) with [**<F1>***Info*].



2. Display further sensor data (settings) with <F1>/[More].



4.2 Switching on the meter

- 1. Switch the meter on with **<On/Off>**. The meter performs a self-test.
- 2. Connect the sensor. The meter is ready to measure.





If the user administration function is activated, the *Login* dialog appears after the meter is switched on (see section 4.4 LOGIN WITH A USER NAME, page 20).

The user administration function is not active in the delivery condition.

4.3 Switching off the meter

1. Switch the meter off with **<On/Off>**.

4.4 Login with a user name

After activation of the user administration by the administrator (software MultiLab User, on the enclosed CD-ROM), measurements are only possible after login with a user name. The user name is documented with the measured values and in records.

All user names entered by the administrator are listed in the *User name* menu. The administrator determines for each user whether or not a password is required for the login to the meter.

If the *Password* menu item is grayed out, no password is required for the login.

1. Switch the meter on with **<On/Off>**. The *Login* dialog appears.

Login	
User name	Admin
Password	####
Change password	
-	
03.04.20 ²	13
08:00	

 Using <▲><▼>, select the menu item, User name and confirm with <MENU/ENTER>. The user name is highlighted.

3. Using <▲><▼>, select a user name and confirm with <MENU/ ENTER>.



The login is done immediately if no password is required. If a sensor is connected the measured value display appears.

 If a password is required: Using <▲><▼>, select the menu item, *Password* and confirm with <MENU/ENTER>.



The user specifies the password when he or she first logs in with a user name.

A valid password consists of 4 digits.

The user can change the password with the next login.

 Change the digit of the highlighted position with <▲><▼>. Go to the next digit of the password with <F2>/[▶]. When the password was completely entered, confirm with <MENU/ ENTER>. The login takes place. If a sensor is connected the measured value display appears.

Changing the If the administrator has set up the access with password protection:

- 1. Switch the meter on with **<On/Off>**. The *Login* dialog appears.
- Using <▲><▼>, select the menu item, User name and confirm with <MENU/ENTER>. The user name is highlighted.
- 3. Using $\langle A \rangle \langle \nabla \rangle$, select a user name and confirm with $\langle MENU/ENTER \rangle$.
- 4. Using <▲><▼>, select the menu item, *Change password* and confirm with <**MENU/ENTER**>.
- In the *Password* field, enter the old password with <▲><▼> and <F2>/
 [▶] and confirm it with <MENU/ENTER>.
- In the New password field, enter the new password with <▲><▼> and <F2>/[▶] and confirm it with <MENU/ENTER>. The password is changed. The login takes place. If a sensor is connected the measured value display appears.

Forgotten the Contact the administrator. password?

4.5 Navigation

4.5.1 Operating modes

Operating mode	Description	
Measuring	The measurement data of the connected sensor are shown in the measured value display	
Calibration	The course of a calibration with calibration information, functions and settings is displayed	
Storing in memory	The meter stores measuring data automatically or manu- ally	
Transmit- ting data	The meter transmits measuring data and calibration records to a USB-B interface automatically or manually.	
Setting	The system menu or a sensor menu with submenus, set- tings and functions is displayed	

4.5.2 Measured value display

In the measured value display, you can

- open the menu for calibration and measurement settings with <MENU/ ENTER> (<u>short keystroke</u>)
- open the *Storage & config* system menu with the sensor-independent settings by pressing **<MENU/ENTER__>** (long keystroke, approx. 2 s).
- change the display in the selected measuring screen (e. g. pH ><- mV) by pressing <M>.

4.5.3 Menus and dialogs

The menus for settings and dialogs in procedures contain further subelements. The selection is made with the $< > < \lor >$ keys. The current selection is displayed with a frame.

Submenus

The name of the submenu is displayed at the upper edge of the frame. Submenus are opened by confirming with **<MENU/ENTER>**. Example:

	-
General	1
Interface	
Clock function	
Service information	
Reset	
Back 03.04.2013 08:00	

Settings

Settings are indicated by a colon. The current setting is displayed on the right-hand side. The setting mode is opened with **<MENU/ENTER>**. Subsequently, the setting can be changed with **<\Delta><\nabla> and <MENU/ENTER>**. Example:

General	
Language:	English
Audio signal:	off
Illumination:	on
Contrast:	12
Shutoff time:	1 h
Temperature unit:	°C
Stability control:	on
Back 03.04.2013 08:00	

• <u>Functions</u>

Functions are designated by the name of the function. They are immediately carried out by confirming with **<MENU/ENTER>**. Example: Display the *Calibration record* function.

pH Calibration record	
Calibration data storage Buffer: Single-point calibration: Calibration interval: Unit for slope:	YSI yes 7 d mV/pH
[±] 4.00 7.00 10.00	
Back 03.04.2013 08:00	

<u>Messages</u>

Information is marked by the [i] symbol. It cannot be selected. Example:

—ГрН	
Calibration record Calibration data storage Buffer: Single-point calibration: Calibration interval: Unit for slope:	YSI yes 7 d mV/pH
[i]4.007.0010.00	
Back 03.04.2013 08:00	

4.5.4 Example 1 on navigation: Setting the language

 Press the **<On/Off>** key. The measured value display appears.

The instrument is in the measuring mode.



2. Using **<MENU/ENTER__>**, open the *Storage & config* menu. The instrument is in the setting mode.

Storage & config
System
Data storage
0
Back 03.04.2013 08:00

- 3. Select the *System* submenu with **<**▲**><**▼**>**. The current selection is displayed with a frame.
- 4. Open the *System* submenu with **<MENU/ENTER>**.

System	
General	
Interface	
Clock function	
Service information	
Reset	
Back 03.04.2013 08:00	

- 5. Select the *General* submenu with **<**▲**><**▼**>**. The current selection is displayed with a frame.
- 6. Open the *General* submenu with **<MENU/ENTER>**.

General	
Language:	English
Audio signal:	off
Illumination:	on
Contrast:	50 %
Shutoff time:	1 h
Temperature unit:	°C
Stability control:	on
Back 03.04.2013 08:00	

7. Open the setting mode for the *Language* with **<MENU/ENTER>**.

General	
Language:	English
Audio signal:	off
Illumination:	on
Contrast:	50 %
Shutoff time:	1 h
Temperature unit:	°C
Stability control:	on
Back 03.04.2013 08:00	

- 8. Select the required language with $< \ge < \forall >$.
- Confirm the setting with <MENU/ENTER>. The meter switches to the measuring mode. The selected language is active.

4.5.5 Example 2 on navigation: Setting the date and time

The meter has a clock with a date function. The date and time are indicated in the status line of the measured value display.

When storing measured values and calibrating, the current date and time are automatically stored as well.

The correct setting of the date and time and date format is important for the following functions and displays:

- Current date and time
- Calibration date
- Identification of stored measured values.

Therefore, check the time at regular intervals.



After a fall of the supply voltage (empty batteries), the date and time are reset.

Setting the date, time and date format

The date format can be switched from the display of day, month, year (*dd.mm.yy*) to the display of month, day, year (*mm/dd/yy* or *mm.dd.yy*).

- In the measured value display: Using <MENU/ENTER_>, open the Storage & config menu. The instrument is in the setting mode.
- 2. Select and confirm the *System* / *Clock function* menu with <▲><▼> and <**MENU/ENTER**>.

The setting menu for the date and time opens up.

Clock function	
Date format:	dd.mm.yy
Date:	03.04.2013
Time:	14:53:40
Back 03.04.2013	
00.00	

- 3. Select and confirm the *Time* menu with $< \Delta > < \nabla >$ and < MENU/ENTER >. The hours are highlighted.
- 4. Change and confirm the setting with <▲><▼> and <MENU/ENTER>. The minutes are highlighted.
- 5. Change and confirm the setting with $\langle A \rangle \langle \nabla \rangle$ and $\langle MENU/ENTER \rangle$. The seconds are highlighted.

- 6. Change and confirm the setting with < > > > and < MENU/ENTER >. The time is set.
- 7. If necessary, set the *Date* and *Date format*. The setting is made similarly to that of the time.
- 8. To make further settings, switch to the next higher menu level with **<F1>**/ [Back].

or

Switch to the measured value display with **<M>**. The instrument is in the measuring mode.

5 pH value

- 5.1 Measuring
- 5.1.1 Measuring the pH value

NOTE

When connecting a grounded PC/printer, measurements cannot be performed in grounded media as the values would be incorrect. The USB interface is not galvanically isolated.

- 1. Connect the IDS pH sensor to the meter. The pH measuring window is displayed.
- 2. If necessary, select the measured parameter with <M>.
- 3. Adjust the temperature of the solutions and measure the current temperature if the measurement is made without a temperature sensor.
- 4. If necessary, calibrate or check the IDS pH sensor.
- 5. Immerse the IDS pH sensor in the test sample.

pН	0 14	
7.007		
	25.0 °C	İ
In	fo 01.02.2014 USB outpu	ıt

Stability control (AutoRead) & HOLD function

The stability control function (*AutoRead*) continually checks the stability of the measurement signal. The stability has a considerable impact on the reproducibility of measured values.

The measured parameter flashes on the display

- as soon as the measured value is outside the stability range
- when the automatic *Stability control* is switched off.

You can start the *Stability control* manually at any time, irrespective of the setting for automatic *Stability control* (see section 9.5.3 AUTOMATIC STABILITY CON-TROL, page 69) in the *System* menu.

 Freeze the measured value with <AR>. The [HOLD] status indicator is displayed. The HOLD function is active.



You can terminate the *Stability control* function and the HOLD function with **<AR>** or **<M>** at any time.

2. Using **<MENU/ENTER>**, activate the *Stability control* function manually.

The [AR] status indicator appears while the measured value is assessed as not stable. A progress bar is displayed and the display of the measured parameter flashes.

The [HOLD][AR] status indicator appears as soon as a stable measured value is recognized. The progress bar disappears and the display of the measured parameter stops flashing.

The current measurement data is output to the interface. Measurement data meeting the stability control criterion is marked by AR.



You can prematurely terminate the *Stability control* function manually with **<MENU/ENTER>** at any time. If the *Stability control* function is prematurely terminated, the current measurement data are output to the interface without the AutoRead info.

 Using <MENU/ENTER>, start a further measurement with stability control.

or

Release the frozen measured value again with **<AR>** or **<M>**. The [AR] status display disappears. The display switches back to the previous indication.

Criteria for a stable measured value

The *Stability control* function checks whether the measured values are stable within the monitored time interval.

Measured parameter	Time interval	Stability in the time inter- val
pH value	15 seconds	Δ : Better than 0.01 pH
Temperature	15 seconds	Δ : Better than 0.5 °C

The minimum duration until a measured value is assessed as stable is the monitored time interval. The actual duration is mostly longer.

5.1.2 Measuring the temperature

For reproducible pH measurements, it is essential to measure the temperature of the test sample.

IDS sensors measure the temperature with a temperature sensor integrated in the IDS sensor.

5.2 pH calibration

5.2.1 Why calibrate?

pH electrodes age. This changes the zero point (asymmetry) and slope of the pH electrode. As a result, an inexact measured value is displayed. Calibration determines and stores the current values of the zero point and slope of the electrode.

Thus, you should calibrate at regular intervals.

5.2.2 When do you have to calibrate?

- Routinely within the framework of the company quality assurance
- When the calibration interval has expired

5.2.3 Carrying out automatic calibration (AutoCal)

Make sure that in the sensor menu, *Buffer* menu, the buffer set is correctly selected (see section 9.1.1 SETTINGS FOR PH MEASUREMENTS, page 59).

Use one to five buffer solutions of the selected buffer set in any order.

Below, calibration with YSI buffers (YSI) is described. When other buffer sets are used, other nominal buffer values are displayed. Apart from that, the procedure is identical.



If single-point calibration was set in the menu, the calibration procedure is automatically finished with the measurement of buffer solution 1 and the calibration record is displayed.

- Connect the pH sensor to the meter. The pH measuring window is displayed.
- 2. Keep the buffer solutions ready.
- Start the calibration with <CAL>. The calibration display for the first buffer appears (voltage display).



4. Thoroughly rinse the sensor with deionized water.

- 5. Immerse the sensor in the first buffer solution.
- Start the measurement with <MENU/ENTER>. The measured value is checked for stability (stability control). The [AR] status indicator is displayed. The measured parameter flashes.



- Wait for the end of the measurement with stability control or accept the calibration value with <MENU/ENTER>. The calibration display for the next buffer appears (voltage display).
- 8. If necessary, finish the calibration procedure as a single-point calibration with **<M>**.

The calibration record is displayed.



For **single-point calibration**, the instrument uses the Nernst slope (-59.2 mV/pH at 25 $^{\circ}$ C) and determines the zero point of the IDS pH sensor.

Continuing with twopoint calibration

- 9. Thoroughly rinse the sensor with deionized water.
- 10. Immerse the pH sensor in buffer solution 2.
- When measuring without temperature sensor: Measure the temperature of the buffer manually and enter it with
 <>>>.
- Start the measurement with <MENU/ENTER>. The measured value is checked for stability (stability control). The [AR] status indicator is displayed. The measured parameter flashes.



 Wait for the measurement with stability control to be completed or terminate the stability control and take over the calibration value with <MENU/ENTER>.

The calibration display for the next buffer appears (voltage display).

14. If necessary, finish the calibration procedure as a two-point calibration with **<M>**.

The calibration record is displayed.

- 15. Thoroughly rinse the sensor with deionized water.
- Continuing with three- to five-point calibration
- 16. Immerse the sensor in the next buffer solution.
- Start the measurement with <MENU/ENTER>. The measured value is checked for stability (stability control). The [AR] status indicator is displayed. The measured parameter flashes.



 Wait for the measurement with stability control to be completed or terminate the stability control and take over the calibration value with <MENU/ENTER>.

The calibration display for the next buffer appears (voltage display).

 If necessary, use <M> to finish the calibration. The calibration record is displayed. or Switch to calibration with the next buffer with <MENU/ENTER>.



Calibration is automatically completed after the last buffer of a buffer set has been measured. Then the calibration record is displayed.

The calibration line is determined by linear regression.

5.2.4 Carrying out manual calibration (ConCal)

Make sure that in the sensor menu, *Buffer* menu, the *ConCal* buffer set is correctly selected (see section 9.1.1 SETTINGS FOR PH MEASUREMENTS, page 59).

Use any one to five buffer solutions in ascending or descending order.



If single-point calibration was set in the menu, the calibration procedure is automatically finished with the measurement of buffer solution 1 and the calibration record is displayed.

- Connect the pH sensor to the meter. The pH measuring window is displayed.
- 2. Keep the buffer solutions ready.
- Start the calibration with <CAL>. The calibration display for the first buffer appears (voltage display).



- 4. Thoroughly rinse the sensor with deionized water.
- 5. Immerse the pH sensor in buffer solution 1.
- Start the measurement with <MENU/ENTER>. The measured value is checked for stability (stability control). The [AR] status indicator is displayed. The measured parameter flashes.



 Wait for the measurement with stability control to be completed or terminate the stability control and take over the calibration value with <MENU/ENTER>.

The pH value of the buffer solution is displayed.

рН	Buffer	1
	7.000 24.8 °C	*
ConCal		
	01.07.2011 08:00	

- 8. Set the nominal buffer value for the measured temperature with $< \ge < \nabla >$.
- Accept the calibration value with <MENU/ENTER>. The calibration display for the next buffer appears (voltage display).
- 10. If necessary, finish the calibration procedure as a single-point calibration with **<M>**.

The calibration record is displayed.



For **single-point calibration**, the instrument uses the Nernst slope (-59.2 mV/pH at 25 $^{\circ}$ C) and determines the zero point of the IDS pH sensor.

Continuing with twopoint calibration

- 11. Thoroughly rinse the sensor with deionized water.
- 12. Immerse the pH sensor in buffer solution 2.
- Start the measurement with <MENU/ENTER>. The measured value is checked for stability (stability control). The [AR] status indicator is displayed. The measured parameter flashes.

 Wait for the measurement with stability control to be completed or terminate the stability control and take over the calibration value with <MENU/ENTER>.

The pH value of the buffer solution is displayed.



- 15. Set the nominal buffer value for the measured temperature with < > > > >.
- Accept the calibration value with <MENU/ENTER>. The calibration display for the next buffer appears (voltage display).
- If necessary, finish the calibration procedure as a two-point calibration with <M>.
 The calibration record is displayed.

The calibration record is displayed.

Continuing with three- to five-point calibration

- 18. Thoroughly rinse the sensor with deionized water.
- 19. Immerse the sensor in the next buffer solution.
- Start the measurement with <MENU/ENTER>. The measured value is checked for stability (stability control). The [AR] status indicator is displayed. The measured parameter flashes.
- Wait for the measurement with stability control to be completed or terminate the stability control and take over the calibration value with <MENU/ENTER>.

The pH value of the buffer solution is displayed.



- 22. Set the nominal buffer value for the measured temperature with < > < V >.
- 23. Accept the calibration value with **<MENU/ENTER>**. The calibration display for the next buffer appears (voltage display).
- If necessary, use <M> to finish the calibration.
 The calibration record is displayed.
 or
 Continue calibrating using the next buffer with <MENU/ENTER>.



After the fifth buffer has been measured the calibration is automatically finished. Then the calibration record is displayed.

The calibration line is determined by linear regression.

5.2.5 Calibration points

Calibration can be performed using one to five buffer solutions in any order (single-point to five-point calibration). The meter determines the following values and calculates the calibration line as follows:

Calibration	Determined values	Displayed calibration data
1-point	Asy	 Zero point = Asy
		 Slope = Nernst slope (-59.2 mV/pH at 25 °C)
2-point	Asy	 Zero point = Asy
	SIp.	• Slope = Slp.
3-point to 5-	Asy	 Zero point = Asy
point	Slp.	• Slope = Slp .
		The calibration line is calculated by linear regression.



You can display the slope in the units, mV/pH or % (see section 9.1.1 SETTINGS FOR PH MEASUREMENTS, page 59).
5.2.6 Calibration data



The calibration record is automatically transmitted to the interface after calibrating.

Displaying the The calibration data Cal

The calibration record of the last calibration is to be found under the menu item, *Calibration / Calibration record*. To open it in the measured value display, press the **<CAL__>** key.

The calibration records of the last 10 calibrations are to be found in the menu, *Calibration / Calibration data storage / Display*. To open the *Calibration* menu, press the **<MENU/ENTER>** key in the measured value display.

Menu item	Setting/func- tion	Description
Calibration / - Calibration data stor- age /Display	-	 Displays the calibration records. Further options: Scroll through the calibration records with <▲><▼>. Output the displayed calibration record to the interface with <f2>/[USB output].</f2> Output all calibration records to the interface with <f2_>[USB output].</f2_> Output all calibration records to the interface with <f2_>[USB output].</f2_>
		 Quit the display with <f1>/ [Back] or <menu enter="">.</menu></f1>
		 Switch directly to the measured value display with <m>.</m>
Calibration / Calibration data stor- age / Output to RS232/USB	-	Outputs the calibration data stor- age to the interface

Calibration evaluation

After calibrating, the meter automatically evaluates the calibration. The zero point and slope are evaluated separately. The worse evaluation of both is taken into account. The evaluation appears on the display and in the calibration record.

Display	Calibration record	Zero point [mV]	Slope [mV/pH]
6	+++	-15 +15	-60.558.0
đ L	++	-20 <-15 or >+15 +20	>-58.057.0
ő	+	-25 <-20 or >+20 +25	-61.0 <-60.5 or >-57.056.0
ő	-	-30 <-25 or ->+25 +30	-62.0 <-61.0 or >-56.050.0
Clean the IDS sensor according to the sensor operating manual			
Error	Error	<-30 or >+30	<-62.0 or >-50.0
Error elimination (see section 14 WHAT TO DO IF, page 88)			



For pH IDS sensors you can optionally enable a more finely graded calibration evaluation (QSC) (see section 5.2.8 QSC FUNCTION (SENSOR QUALITY CONTROL), page 40).

```
Calibration record
(USB output)
```

```
CALIBRATION pH
03.04.2013 07:43:33
4110
Ser. no. B092500013
YSI
Buffer 1
                          4.00
Buffer 2
                          7.00
Buffer 3
                          10.00
                          184.0 mV 24.0 °C
Voltage 1
                         3.0 mV 24.0 °C
-177.0 mV 24.0 °C
Voltage 2
Voltage 3
                          -60.2 mV/pH
Slope
Asymmetry
                          4.0 mV
Sensor
                          +++
etc...
```

5.2.7 Continuous measurement control (CMC function)

The Continuous Measurement Control (CMC function) facilitates to evaluate the current measured value instantly and definitely.

After each successful calibration the scale of the pH measuring range is displayed in the measured value display. Here you can very clearly see whether or not the current measured value is in the calibrated part of the measuring range.

The following information is displayed:



4 Measuring range for which no valid calibration is available (shaded). Measured values in this range are not suitable for documentation. Calibrate the meter with buffers covering this measuring range. If the current measured value is outside the calibrated range, this area is shaded stronger.
If a measured value is outside the measuring range pH 0 - 14, overflow arrows are displayed at the left or right edge of the measuring range.

The limits of the calibrated range are determined by the buffers used for calibration:

Lower limit:	Buffer with lowest pH value - 2 pH units
Upper limit:	Buffer with highest pH value + 2 pH units

5.2.8 QSC function (sensor quality control)

General information on the QSC function

The QSC function (Quality Sensor Control) is a new sensor evaluation for digital IDS sensors. It evaluates the condition of an IDS pH sensor individually and with a very fine grading.

The QSC scale shows the current sensor evaluation with an indicator on the display.



In the USB output the sensor evaluation is given as a percentage (1-100).

The finely graded sensor evaluation of the QSC function promptly calls your attention to changes of the sensor.

Thus you can do what is necessary to restore the optimum measuring quality (e.g. clean, calibrate or replace the sensor).

Sensor evaluation with / without	With QSC function	Without QSC function (sensor symbol)
QSC function	Very fine grading of the sensor eval- uation (100 grades)	Rough grading of the sensor evalua- tion (4 grades)
	The reference value is individually determined for each sensor during the QSC initial calibration.	A theoretical reference value is used for all sensors
	Low tolerances for zero point and slope when using QSC buffer solutions	Greater tolerances for zero point and slope when using commercial buffer sets
	Additional QSC calibration required (with special QSC buffer set)	No additional calibration required
OSC calibration	The OSC function is enabled by once o	arrying out an additional three-point cali-
	bration with special QSC buffer solution sensor (pH 2 to pH 11). The QSC initia	ns. It covers the measuring range of the I calibration determines the actual condi-

tion of the sensor and stores it as a reference in the sensor. To meet the high requirements of a QSC initial calibration, the QSC initial calibration should optimally be carried out with the initial commissioning of the sensor. Carry out the normal calibrations for your special measuring range with your usual standard solutions as previously done.



As soon as the QSC function was enabled for an IDS sensor, it is not possible to return to the sensor evaluation with the sensor symbol for this sensor.

Carrying out a QSC initial calibration

- 1. Open the menu for measurement settings with **<MENU/ENTER>**.
- In the QSC menu, select *First calibration* with <▲><▼>. The calibration display appears. *AutoCal QSC-Kit* is displayed as the buffer.

Exclusively use the QSC-Kit for the QSC calibration. If you use other buffers, you will have no valid QSC calibration.



3. Calibration with the buffers of the QSC-Kit is done like a normal threepoint calibration.

Follow the user guide.



Carry out the QSC initial calibration very carefully. It determines the reference value for the sensor. This reference value cannot be overwritten or reset.

As soon as the QSC function was enabled, it is not possible to return to the sensor evaluation with the sensor symbol.

4. As soon as the three-point calibration has been successfully carried out you can decide whether to accept or discard the calibration as the QSC initial calibration.

The QSC initial calibration is completed. The sensor is calibrated. If you want to calibrate with special buffers for your measurements, you can subsequently carry out a normal calibration with your buffers. The reference values determined with the QSC calibration are also used for the evaluation of normal calibrations. In the measured value display, the QSC scale of the QSC function is always displayed. A double arrow on the QSC scale indicates the current sen-

sor evaluation.



Carrying out a QSCA QSC control calibration can, e.g. be useful if the sensor evaluation noticeably
changed (after some normal calibrations).

You can carry out QSC control calibrations at greater intervals than normal calibrations.

- 1. Open the menu for measurement settings with <MENU/ENTER>.
- In the QSC menu, select Control calibration with <▲><▼>. The calibration display appears. AutoCal QSC-Kit is displayed as the buffer. Exclusively use the QSC-Kit for the QSC calibration. If you use other buffers, you will have no valid QSC control calibration.
- Follow the user guide. The calibration is carried out like a normal three-point calibration. As soon as the three-point calibration has been successfully carried out you can decide whether to accept or discard the calibration as the QSC control calibration.

6 ORP

- 6.1 Measuring
- 6.1.1 Measuring the ORP

NOTE

When connecting a grounded PC/printer, measurements cannot be performed in grounded media as the values would be incorrect. The USB interface is not galvanically isolated.



IDS ORP sensors are not calibrated. However, you can check IDS ORP sensors using a test solution.

- 1. Connect the ORP sensor to the meter. The ORP measuring window is displayed.
- 2. Adjust the temperature of the solutions and measure the current temperature.
- 3. Check the meter with the ORP sensor.
- 4. Immerse the ORP sensor in the test sample.



Stability control (AutoRead) & HOLD function

The stability control function (*AutoRead*) continually checks the stability of the measurement signal. The stability has a considerable impact on the reproducibility of measured values.

The measured parameter flashes on the display

- as soon as the measured value is outside the stability range
- when the automatic Stability control is switched off.

You can start the *Stability control* manually at any time, irrespective of the setting for automatic *Stability control* (see section 9.5.3 AUTOMATIC STABILITY CON-TROL, page 69) in the *System* menu.

 Freeze the measured value with <AR>. The [HOLD] status indicator is displayed. The HOLD function is active.



You can terminate the *Stability control* function and the HOLD function with **<AR>** or **<M>** at any time.

2. Using **<MENU/ENTER>**, activate the *Stability control* function manually.

The [AR] status indicator appears while the measured value is assessed as not stable. A progress bar is displayed and the display of the measured parameter flashes.

The [HOLD][AR] status indicator appears as soon as a stable measured value is recognized. The progress bar disappears and the display of the measured parameter stops flashing.

The current measurement data is output to the interface. Measurement data meeting the stability control criterion is marked by AR.



You can prematurely terminate the *Stability control* function manually with **<MENU/ENTER>** at any time. If the *Stability control* function is prematurely terminated, the current measurement data are output to the interface without the AutoRead info.

3. Using **<MENU/ENTER>**, start a further measurement with stability control.

or

Release the frozen measured value again with **<AR>** or **<M>**. The [AR] status display disappears. The display switches back to the previous indication.

Criteria for a stable measured value

The *Stability control* function checks whether the measured values are stable within the monitored time interval.

Measured parame- ter	Time interval	Stability in the time inter- val
ORP	15 seconds	Δ : Better than 0.3 mV
Temperature	15 seconds	Δ : Better than 0.5 °C

The minimum duration until a measured value is assessed as stable is the monitored time interval. The actual duration is mostly longer.

6.2 ORP calibration



ORP electrodes are not calibrated. You can, however, check ORP electrodes by measuring the ORP of a test solution and comparing the value with the nominal value.

7 Dissolved oxygen

7.1 Measuring

- 7.1.1 Measuring D.O.
- 1. Connect the IDS D.O. sensor to the meter. The D.O. measuring screen is displayed.
- 2. If necessary, select the measured parameter with <M>.
- 3. Check or calibrate the meter with the sensor.
- 4. Immerse the IDS D.O. sensor in the test sample.



Selecting the displayed measured parameter

Salinity correction

You can switch between the following displays with <M>:

- D.O. concentration [mg/l]
- D.O. saturation [%]

When measuring the D.O. concentration [mg/l] of solutions with a salt content of more than 1 psu, a salinity correction is required. For this, you have to measure and input the salinity of the measured medium first.

When the salinity correction is switched on, the [Sal] indicator is displayed in the measuring screen.



You can switch the salinity correction on or off and enter the salinity in the menu for calibration and measurement settings (see section 9.3.1 SETTINGS FOR D.O. SENSORS (MENU FOR MEASUREMENT AND CALIBRATION SETTINGS), page 63).

Air pressure correction (DO % Saturation local function) The integrated air pressure sensor of the MultiLab 4010-1 measures the current air pressure.During calibration, the air pressure correction function is automatically activated. For measurement, the air pressure correction is applied if the parameter oxygen saturation [%] is displayed and the *DO* % *Saturation local* function is enabled.

The current air pressure is displayed, when an IDS D.O. sensor is connected.



The *DO* % Saturation local function for the parameter oxygen saturation [%] is switched on or off in the menu for calibration and measurement settings (see section 9.3.1 SETTINGS FOR D.O. SEN-SORS (MENU FOR MEASUREMENT AND CALIBRATION SETTINGS), page 63).

Stability control (AutoRead) & HOLD function

The stability control function (*AutoRead*) continually checks the stability of the measurement signal. The stability has a considerable impact on the reproducibility of measured values.

The measured parameter flashes on the display

- as soon as the measured value is outside the stability range
- when the automatic *Stability control* is switched off.

Irrespective of the setting for automatic *Stability control* (see section 9.5.3 AUTOMATIC STABILITY CONTROL, page 69) in the *System* menu, you can start a measurement with *Stability control* manually at any time.

 Freeze the measured value with <AR>. The [HOLD] status indicator is displayed. The HOLD function is active.



You can terminate the *Stability control* function and the HOLD function with **<AR>** or **<M>** at any time.

 Using <MENU/ENTER>, activate the Stability control function manually. The [AR] status indicator appears while the measured value is assessed as not stable. A progress bar is displayed and the display of the measured parameter flashes.

The [HOLD][AR] status indicator appears as soon as a stable measured value is recognized. The progress bar disappears and the display of the measured parameter stops flashing.

The current measurement data is output to the interface. Measurement data meeting the stability control criterion is marked by AR.



You can prematurely terminate the *Stability control* function manually with **<MENU/ENTER>** at any time. If the *Stability control* function is prematurely terminated, the current measurement data are output to the interface without the AutoRead info.

3. Using **<MENU/ENTER>**, start a further measurement with stability control.

or

Release the frozen measured value again with **<AR>** or **<M>**. The [AR] status display disappears. The display switches back to the previous indication.

Criteria for a stable measured value

The *Stability control* function checks whether the measured values are stable within the monitored time interval.

Measured parame- ter	Time interval	Stability in the time interval
D.O. concentration	20 seconds	Δ : better than 0.03 mg/l
D.O. saturation	20 seconds	Δ : better than 0.4 %
Temperature	15 seconds	Δ : Better than 0.5 °C

The minimum duration until a measured value is assessed as stable is the monitored time interval. The actual duration is mostly longer.

7.1.2 Measuring the temperature

For reproducible D.O. measurements, it is essential to measure the temperature of the test sample.

IDS D.O. sensors measure the temperature with a temperature sensor integrated in the IDS sensor.

7.2 Calibration

7.2.1 Why calibrate?

D.O. sensors age. This changes the zero point and slope of the IDS D.O. sensor. As a result, an inexact measured value is displayed. Calibration determines and stores the current values of the zero point and slope.

7.2.2 When to calibrate?

- When the calibration interval has expired
- When your accuracy requirements are especially high
- Routinely within the framework of the company quality assurance

7.2.3 Calibration procedures

The MultiLab 4010-1 provides 2 calibration procedures:

- Calibration in water vapor-saturated air.
- Calibration via a comparison measurement (e.g. Winkler titration according to DIN EN 25813 or ISO 5813). At the same time, the relative slope is adapted to the comparison measurement by a correction factor. When the correction factor is active, the *[Factor]* indicator appears in the measuring screen.

Calibration can be carried out either as a 1-point calibration or 2-point calibration procedure.

7.2.4 1-point calibration

Calibration in water vapor-saturated air (*Cal*) and calibration via *Comparison meas.* according to the Winkler method (*Comp*) are described jointly here.

- 1. Connect the IDS D.O. sensor to the meter.
- 2. Check the selected calibration type and selected number of calibration points in the sensor setting menu and, if necessary, change them.
- 3. Put the IDS D.O. sensor into the calibration medium.
 - <u>When calibrating via comparison measurement (Comp)</u>: Put the IDS D.O. sensor into the reference solution.
 - <u>When calibrating in water vapor-saturated air (*Cal*):</u> Put the IDS D.O. sensor into the calibration vessel with water vaporsaturated air.



As the calibration vessel use a BOD bottle that contains a small amount of clean water (approx. 40 ml).

The sensor must not be immersed in the water. Leave the sensor in the calibration bottle long enough (5 to 10 minutes) so that the air is water vapor-saturated and the sensor can adapt to the ambient temperature.

4. Start the calibration with **<CAL>**.

Cal (calibration in water vapor-saturated air) or *Comp* (calibration via *Comparison meas.* according to the Winkler method) is displayed. The calibration point (DO Sat) is displayed.



 Start the measurement with <MENU/ENTER>. The measured value is checked for stability (stability control). The [AR] status indicator is displayed. The measured parameter flashes.

- 6. Wait for the AutoRead measurement to be completed (audio signal).
 - <u>When calibrating in water vapor-saturated air (*Cal*): The calibration record is displayed and output to the interface.</u>
 - <u>When calibrating via comparison measurement (*Comp*):</u> Set the concentration value with <▲> <▼> and accept it with <ENTER>.

The calibration record is displayed and output to the interface.



7. Switch to the measured value display with <MENU/ENTER>.

7.2.5 2-point calibration

Calibration in water vapor-saturated air (*Cal*) and calibration via *Comparison meas.* according to the Winkler method (*Comp*) are described jointly here.

- 1. Connect the IDS D.O. sensor to the meter.
- 2. Check the selected calibration type and selected number of calibration points in the sensor setting menu and, if necessary, change them.
- 3. Place the IDS D.O. sensor in a solution that does not contain any dissolved oxygen.



A solution not containing any dissolved oxygen can be prepared by dissolving approx. 8 to 10 g sodium sulfite (Na_2SO_3) in 500 ml tapwater. Carefully mix the solution. It may take up to 60 minutes until the solution is free of oxygen.

 Start the calibration with <CAL>. Cal (calibration in water vapor-saturated air) or Comp (calibration via Comparison meas. according to the Winkler method) is displayed. The calibration point 1 (0%) is displayed.



- Start the measurement with <MENU/ENTER>. The measured value is checked for stability (stability control). The [AR] status indicator is displayed. The measured parameter flashes.
- 6. Wait for the AutoRead measurement to be completed (audio signal). The display for the second calibration point is displayed.



- 7. Put the IDS D.O. sensor into the calibration medium.
 - <u>When calibrating via comparison measurement (*Comp*):</u> Put the IDS D.O. sensor into the reference solution..
 - <u>When calibrating in water vapor-saturated air (Cal)</u>: Put the IDS D.O. sensor into the calibration vessel with water vaporsaturated air.



As the calibration vessel use a BOD bottle that contains a small amount of clean water (approx. 40 ml).

The sensor must not be immersed in the water. Leave the sensor in the calibration bottle long enough (5 to 10 minutes) so that the air is water vapor-saturated and the sensor can adapt to the ambient temperature.

 Start the measurement with <MENU/ENTER>. The measured value is checked for stability (stability control). The [AR] status indicator is displayed. The measured parameter flashes.

- 9. Wait for the AutoRead measurement to be completed (audio signal).
 - <u>When calibrating in water vapor-saturated air (*Cal*): The calibration record is displayed and output to the interface.</u>
 - <u>When calibrating via comparison measurement (*Comp*):</u> Set the concentration value with <▲> <▼> and accept it with <**ENTER**>.

The calibration record is displayed and output to the interface.



10. Switch to the measured value display with <MENU/ENTER>.

7.2.6 Calibration data



The calibration record is automatically transmitted to the interface after calibrating.

Displaying the calibration record The calibration record of the last calibration is to be found under the menu item, *Calibration / Calibration record*. To open it in the measured value display, press the **<CAL__>** key.

The calibration records of the last 10 calibrations are to be found in the menu, *Calibration/Calibration data storage / Display*. To open the *Calibration* menu, press the **<MENU/ENTER>** key in the measured value display.

Menu item	Setting/ function	Description
Calibration / Calibration data stor- age /Display	-	 Displays the calibration records. Further options: Scroll through the calibration records with <▲><▼>. Output the displayed calibration record to the interface with <f2>/[USB output].</f2> Output all calibration records to the interface with <f2_>[USB output].</f2_> Quit the display with <f1>/ [Back] or <menu enter="">.</menu></f1> Switch directly to the measured value display with <m>.</m>
Calibration / Calibration data stor- age / Output to RS232/USB	-	Outputs the calibration data stor- age to the interface

Calibration evaluation

After the calibration, the meter automatically evaluates the current status of the calibration. The evaluation appears on the display and in the calibration record.

ProOBOD calibration evaluation

Display	Calibration record	Relative slope
6	+++	S = 0.94 1.06
6 	++	S = 0.92 0.94 or S = 1.06 1.08
đ	+	S = 0.90 0.92 or S = 1.08 1.10
Error	Error	S < 0.90 or
Error elimination (see section 14 WHAT TO DO IF, page 88)		5 > 1.10

Calibration record (USB output) CALIBRATION Ox 03.04.2013 07:43:33 ProOBOD Ser. no. 12B100016 ProOBOD Cap 12B100015 Relative slope 0.98 Sensor +++

8 Conductivity

- 8.1 Measuring
- 8.1.1 Measuring the conductivity

NOTE

When connecting a grounded PC/printer, measurements cannot be performed in grounded media as the values would be incorrect. The USB interface is not galvanically isolated.

- Connect the conductivity sensor to the meter. The conductivity measuring window is displayed. The measuring cell and cell constant for the connected IDS conductivity sensor are automatically taken over.
- 2. If necessary, select the measured parameter x with $\langle M \rangle$.
- 3. Immerse the conductivity sensor in the test sample.



Selecting the displayed measured parameter You can switch between the following displays with **<M>**:

- Conductivity [μS/cm] / [mS/cm]
- Resistivity [Ω·cm] / [kΩ·cm] / [MΩ·cm]
- Salinity SaL [] (≙ psu)
- Total dissolved solids TDS [mg/l] / [g/l]

The multiplier to calculate the total dissolved solids is set to 1.00 in the factory. You can adjust this multiplier to meet your requirements in the range 0.40 ... 1.00. The multiplier is set in the menu for the parameter, TDS.

Stability control (AutoRead) & HOLD function The stability control function (*AutoRead*) continually checks the stability of the measurement signal. The stability has a considerable impact on the reproducibility of measured values.

The measured parameter flashes on the display

- as soon as the measured value is outside the stability range
- when the automatic *Stability control* is switched off.

You can start the Stability control manually at any time, irrespective of the set-

ting for automatic *Stability control* (see section 9.5.3 AUTOMATIC STABILITY CONTROL, page 69) in the *System* menu.

 Freeze the measured value with <AR>. The [HOLD] status indicator is displayed. The HOLD function is active.



You can terminate the *Stability control* function and the HOLD function with **<AR>** or **<M>** at any time.

2. Using **<MENU/ENTER>**, activate the *Stability control* function manually.

The [AR] status indicator appears while the measured value is assessed as not stable. A progress bar is displayed and the display of the measured parameter flashes.

The [HOLD][AR] status indicator appears as soon as a stable measured value is recognized. The progress bar disappears and the display of the measured parameter stops flashing.

The current measurement data is output to the interface. Measurement data meeting the stability control criterion is marked by AR.



You can prematurely terminate the *Stability control* function manually with **<MENU/ENTER>** at any time. If the *Stability control* function is prematurely terminated, the current measurement data are output to the interface without the AutoRead info.

3. Using **<MENU/ENTER>**, start a further measurement with stability control.

or

Release the frozen measured value again with **<AR>** or **<M>**. The [AR] status display disappears. The display switches back to the previous indication.

Criteria for a stable measured value

The *Stability control* function checks whether the measured values are stable within the monitored time interval.

Measured parameter	Time interval	Stability in the time interval
Conductivity $\boldsymbol{\chi}$	10 seconds	Δx : better than 1.0% of measured value
Temperature	15 seconds	Δ : Better than 0.5 °C

The minimum duration until a measured value is assessed as stable is the monitored time interval. The actual duration is mostly longer.

8.1.2 Measuring the temperature

For reproducible conductivity measurements, it is essential to measure the temperature of the test sample.

IDS sensors measure the temperature with a temperature sensor integrated in the IDS sensor.

8.2 Temperature compensation

The calculation of the temperature compensation is based on the preset reference temperature, 20 °C or 25 °C. It appears on the display as Tr20 or Tr25.

You can select one of the following temperature compensation methods:

- Nonlinear temperature compensation (*nLF*) according to EN 27 888
- Linear temperature compensation (Lin) with adjustable coefficients of 0.000 ... 3.000 %/K
- No temperature compensation (off)



The reference temperature and temperature compensation are set in the menu for the parameter, conductivity (see section 9.4.1 SET-TINGS FOR IDS CONDUCTIVITY SENSORS, page 66).

Application tips	Select the following temperature compensations given in the table according to
	the respective test sample:

Test sample	Temperature compensation	Display
Natural water (ground water, surface water, drinking water)	<i>nLF</i> according to EN 27 888	nLF
Ultrapure water	<i>nLF</i> according to EN 27 888	nLF
Other aqueous solu- tions	<i>Lin</i> Set linear temperature coefficient 0.000 10.000 %/K	Lin
Salinity (seawater)	Automatic <i>nLF</i> according to IOT (International Oceanographic Tables)	Sal, nLF

8.3 Calibration

8.3.1 Why calibrate?

Aging slightly changes the cell constant, e. g. due to coatings. As a result, an inexact measured value is displayed. The original characteristics of the cell can often be restored by cleaning the cell. Calibration determines the current value of the cell constant and stores this value in the meter. Thus, you should calibrate at regular intervals.

8.3.2 When to calibrate?

- After connecting a sensor
- Routinely within the framework of the company quality assurance
- When the cleaning interval has expired

8.3.3 Determining the cell constant (calibration in control standard)

You can determine the actual cell constant of the IDS conductivity sensor by calibrating with the control standard in the following range: $0.450 \dots 0.500 \text{ cm}^{-1}$ (e.g. 4310, nominal cell constant 0.475 cm⁻¹)

The cell constant is determined in the control standard, 0.01 mol/l KCl.

In the delivery condition, the calibrated cell constant of the IDS sensor is set to 0.475 cm^{-1} (conductivity measuring cell, 4310).

For this calibration procedure, the *Type* setting must be set to *cal*. Proceed as follows to determine the cell constant:

- 1. Connect the conductivity sensor to the meter.
- 2. In the measured value display, select the conductivity parameter with **<M>**.
- Start the calibration with <CAL>. The cell constant that was calibrated last is displayed.



- 4. Immerse the conductivity sensor in the control standard solution, 0.01 mol/l KCI.
- Start the measurement with <MENU/ENTER>. The measured value is checked for stability (stability control). The [AR] status indicator is displayed. The measured parameter flashes.
- Wait for the end of the measurement with stability control ([HOLD][AR]) status indicator or take over the calibrated value with <MENU/ENTER>. The calibration record is displayed and output to the interface.
- 7. Switch to the measured value display with **<MENU/ENTER>**.

8.3.4 Calibration data



The calibration record is automatically transmitted to the interface after calibrating.

The calibration data can be displayed and then output to the interface.

Displaying the calibration record The calibration record of the last calibration is to be found under the menu item, *Calibration / Calibration record*. To open it in the measured value display, press the **<CAL__>** key.

The calibration records of the last 10 calibrations are to be found in the menu, *Calibration / Calibration data storage / Display*. To open the *Calibration* menu, press the **<MENU/ENTER>** key in the measured value display.

Menu item Setting/ De function	escription
Calibration / - Di Calibration data storage / Display Fu • • •	<pre>isplays the calibration records. urther options: Scroll through the calibration records with <▲><▼>. Output the displayed calibration record to the interface with <f2>/ [USB output]. Output all calibration records to the interface with <f2>[USB out- put]. Quit the display with <f1>/[Back] or <menu enter="">. Switch directly to the measured value display with <m></m></menu></f1></f2></f2></pre>

Menu item	Setting/ function	Description
Calibration / Calibration data storage / Output to RS232/USB	-	Outputs the calibration data storage to the interface

Calibration evaluation

After calibration, the meter automatically evaluates the current status of the calibration. The evaluation appears on the display and in the calibration record.

Display	Calibration record	Cell constant [cm ⁻¹]
6	+++	Within the range 0.450 0.500 cm ⁻¹
Error	Error	Outside the range 0.450 0.500 cm ⁻¹
WHAT TO DO IF, page 88)		

Calibration record (USB output)

Γ

CALIBRATION Cond 03.04.2013 07:43:33	
4310 Ser. no. 09250033 Cell constant 0.476 1/cm Sensor	25.0 °C

9 Settings

9.1 pH measurement settings

9.1.1 Settings for pH measurements

Settings The settings are made in the menu for calibration and measurement settings of the pH/ORP measurement. To open the settings, display the required measured parameter in the measured value display and press the **<MENU**/**ENTER>** key. After completing the settings, switch to the measured value display with **<M>**.

Default settings are printed in **bold**.

Menu item	Possible setting	Description
Calibration / Calibra- tion record	-	Displays the calibration record of the last calibration.
Calibration / Calibra- tion data storage / Dis- play	-	Displays the last calibration records (max. 10)
Calibration / Calibration data stor- age / Output to RS232/USB	-	Outputs the calibration data storage to the interface
Calibration / Buffer	YSI ConCal NIST/DIN 	Buffer sets to be used for pH calibration. More buffers and details: see section 9.1.2 BUFFER SETS FOR CALIBRATION, page 60 and section 5.2 PH CALIBRATION, page 30.
Calibration / Single- point calibration	yes no	Quick calibration with 1 buffer
Calibration / Calibra- tion interval	1 7 999 d	<i>Calibration interval</i> for the IDS pH sensor (in days). The meter reminds you to calibrate regularly by the flashing sensor symbol in the measuring screen.
Calibration / Unit for slope	mV/pH %	Unit of the slope. The % display refers to the Nernst slope of -59.2 mV/pH (100 x determined slope/Nernst slope).
QSC / First calibration	-	Starts the initial calibration with QSC buffers. This menu item is only available as long as no initial calibra- tion was carried out with the connected IDS sensor.
QSC / Record of first calibration	-	Displays the calibration record of the QSC initial calibration.
QSC / Control calibra- tion	-	Starts the control calibration with QSC buffers. This menu item is only available if an initial calibration was carried out with the connected IDS sensor.
Man. temperature	-25 +25 +130 °C	Entry of the manually determined temperature. This menu item is only available if an IDS adapter is con- nected.

Menu item	Possible setting	Description
pH resolution	0.001 0.01 0.1	Resolution of the pH display
mV resolution	0.1 1	Resolution of the mV display
Reset	-	Resets all sensor settings to the delivery condition (see sec- tion 9.6.1 RESETTING THE MEASUREMENT SETTINGS, page 70).

9.1.2 Buffer sets for calibration

You can use the buffer sets quoted in the table for an automatic calibration. The pH values are valid for the specified temperature values. The temperature dependence of the pH values is taken into consideration during the calibration.

No.	Buffer set *	pH values	at
1	YSI *	4.000 7.000 10.000	25 °C
2	ConCal	Any	Any
3	NIST/DIN DIN buffers according to DIN 19266 and NIST Traceable Buffers	1.679 4.006 6.865 9.180 12.454	25 °C
4	<i>TEC</i> Technical buffers	2.000 4.010 7.000 10.011	25 °C
5	Merck 1*	4.000 7.000 9.000	20°C
6	Merck 2 *	1.000 6.000 8.000 13.000	20°C
7	Merck 3 *	4.660 6.880 9.220	20°C
8	Merck 4 *	2.000 4.000 7.000 10.000	20°C

No.	Buffer set *	pH values	at
9	Merck 5 *	4.010 7.000 10.000	25 °C
10	DIN 19267	1.090 4.650 6.790 9.230	25 °C
11	Mettler Toledo USA *	1.679 4.003 7.002 10.013	25 °C
12	Mettler Toledo EU *	1.995 4.005 7.002 9.208	25 °C
13	Fisher *	2.007 4.002 7.004 10.002	25 °C
14	Fluka BS *	4.006 6.984 8.957	25 °C
15	Radiometer *	1.678 4.005 7.000 9.180	25 °C
16	Baker *	4.006 6.991 10.008	25 °C
17	Metrohm *	3.996 7.003 8.999	25 °C
18	Beckman *	4.005 7.005 10.013	25 °C
19	Hamilton Duracal *	4.005 7.002 10.013	25 °C
20	Precisa *	3.996 7.003 8.999	25 °C
21	Reagecon TEC *	2.000 4.010 7.000 10.000	25 °C

No.	Buffer set *	pH values	at
22	Reagecon 20 *	2.000 4.000 7.000 10.000 13.000	20°C
23	Reagecon 25 *	2.000 4.000 7.000 10.000 13.000	25 °C
24	Riedel-de Haen *	2.000 4.000 7.000 10.000	20 °C
25	USABlueBook *	4.000 7.000 10.000	25 °C

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The buffers are selected in the menu, pH / **<MENU/ENTER>** / *Calibration* / *Buffer* (see section 9.1.1 SETTINGS FOR PH MEASURE-MENTS, page 59).

9.1.3 Calibration interval

The calibration evaluation is displayed as a sensor symbol.

After the QSC function has been enabled the sensor symbol is replaced by the QSC scale (see section 5.2.8 QSC FUNCTION (SENSOR QUALITY CONTROL), page 40).

After the specified calibration interval has expired the sensor symbol or the QSC scale flashes. It is still possible to measure.



To ensure the high measuring accuracy of the measuring system, calibrate after the calibration interval has expired.

Setting the calibration interval

The calibration interval is set to 7 days in the factory.You can change the interval (1 ... 999 days):

- 1. Open the menu for measurement settings with **<MENU/ENTER>**.
- 2. In the *Calibration / Calibration interval* menu, set the calibration interval with <▲><▼>.

- 3. Confirm the setting with <**MENU/ENTER**>.
- 4. Quit the menu with **<M>**.

9.2 ORP measurement settings

9.2.1 Settings for ORP measurements

The settings are made in the menu for measuring settings of the ORP measurement. To open the settings, display the required measured parameter in the measured value display and press the **<MENU/ENTER>** key. After completing the settings, switch to the measured value display with **<M>**.

Default settings are printed in **bold**.

Menu item	Possible setting	Description
mV resolution	0.1 1	Resolution of the mV display
Reset	-	Resets all sensor settings to the delivery condition (see section 9.6.1 RESETTING THE MEASURE-MENT SETTINGS, page 70).

9.3 D.O. measurement settings

9.3.1 Settings for D.O. sensors (menu for measurement and calibration settings)

Settings The settings are available in the menu for measurement and calibration settings. To open the settings, display the required measured parameter in the measured value display and press the **<MENU/ENTER>** key. After completing the settings, switch to the measured value display with **<M>**.

Default settings are printed in **bold**.

Menu item	Possible setting	Description
Calibration /Cali- bration record	-	Displays the calibration record of the last calibration.
Calibration / Cali- bration data stor- age / Display	-	Displays the last calibration records (max. 10)
Calibration / Calibration data storage / Output to RS232/USB	-	Outputs the calibration data storage to the interface

Menu item	Possible setting	Description	
Calibration / Calibration data storage / Number of cal. points	1 2	1-point calibration or 2-point calibration	
Calibration /Cali- bration interval	1 180 999 d	<i>Calibration interval</i> for the IDS D.O. sensor (in days). The meter reminds you to calibrate regularly by the flashing sensor sym- bol in the measuring screen.	
Calibration /Com- parison meas.	on off	Enables to adjust the measured value with the aid of a comparison measure- ment, e.g. Winkler titration. For details, see section 7.2 CALIBRA- TION, page 47.	
Calibration / Sensor cap coef- ficients	K1 K5 KC	Enter the cap coefficients here after exchanging the sensor cap. For details, see section 9.3.2 ENTER SENSOR CAP COEFFICIENTS, page 65	
Salinity/Sal cor- rection	on off	Manual salt content correction for con centration measurements.	
Salinity/Salinity	0.0 70.0	Salinity or salinity equivalent for the salt content correction. This menu item is only available if the manual salt content correction is switched on.	
Resolution	0.1 1	Set a high or low resolution. The setting of the resolution is sepa- rately stored for each measured parameter.	
DO % Saturation local	on off	DO % Saturation local is a procedure that takes the local air pressure into account for each saturation measure- ment. For details, see section 9.3.3 DO % SATURATION LOCAL, page 65.	
Reset	-	Resets all sensor settings to the deliv- ery condition (see section 9.6.1 RESETTING THE MEASUREMENT SET- TINGS, page 70).	

9.3.2 Enter Sensor cap coefficients



The values of the coefficients are provided with the sensor cap.

- 1. Change the digit of the highlighted position with $< > < \forall >$.
- 2. Go to the next position with $\langle \langle \rangle \rangle$.
- 3. Confirm with **<ENTER>** when a coefficient is completely entered.

9.3.3 DO % Saturation local

Irrespective of the height or air pressure, the calibration value is set to 100%. *DO % Saturation local* is ideal for EU compliance.

When *DO* % *Saturation local* is enabled, an L will appear next to D.O.% on the display.

D.O. mg/L readings are unaffected by the selection of DO % Saturation local.

9.4 Cond measurement settings

9.4.1 Settings for IDS conductivity sensors

SettingsThe settings are made in the menu for the measured parameter, conductivity.
To open the settings, display the required measured parameter in the mea-
sured value display and press the <MENU/ENTER> key. After completing the
settings, switch to the measured value display with <M>.
The possible settings are individually displayed for each sensor. Below the set-
ting menu is displayed for two IDS sensors (4310, 4320).

Default settings are printed in **bold**.

Setting menu of 4310	Menu item	Possible setting	Description
	Calibration /Cali- bration record	-	Displays the calibration record of the last calibration.
	Calibration / Cali- bration data stor- age / Display	-	Displays the last calibration records (max. 10)
	Calibration / Calibration data storage / Output to RS232/USB	-	Outputs the calibration data storage to the interface
	Calibration /Cali- bration interval	1 150 999 d	<i>Calibration interval</i> for the IDS con- ductivity sensor (in days). The meter reminds you to calibrate regularly by the flashing sensor sym- bol in the measuring screen.
	Туре		Measuring cell used
		cal	Measuring cells whose cell constant is determined by calibration in the KCL control standard solution. Calibration range: 0.450 to 0.500 cm ⁻¹ The currently valid cell constant is dis- played in the status line.
		man	Manually adjustable cell constant in the range 0.450 0.500 cm ⁻¹ .
	Cell const. man	0.450 0.475 0.500 cm ⁻¹	Display and setting options for the manually adjustable cell constant.
	Temp. comp. (TC) / Method	nLF Lin off	Procedure for temperature compen- sation (see section 8.2 TEMPERATURE COMPENSATION, page 55). This setting is only available for the measured parameters, conductivity (χ) and resistivity (ρ).

Menu item	Possible setting	Description
Temp. comp. (TC) / Linear coeff.	0.000 2.000 3.000 %/K	Coefficient of the linear temperature compensation. This menu item is only available when the linear temperature compensation is set.
Temp. comp. (TC) / Reference temp.	20 °C 25 °C	Reference temperature This setting is only available for the measured parameters, conductivity (χ) and resistivity (ρ).
Multiplier for TDS	0.40 1.00	Multiplier for TDS value
Reset	-	Resets all sensor settings to the deliv- ery condition (see section 9.6.1 RESETTING THE MEASUREMENT SET- TINGS, page 70).

Setting menu of 4320

Menu item	Possible setting	Description
Cell constant	0.090 0.100 0.110 cm ⁻¹	Display and setting options for the cell constant
Temp. comp. (TC) / Method	nLF Lin off	Procedure for temperature compen- sation (see section 8.2 TEMPERA- TURE COMPENSATION, page 55). This setting is only available for the measured parameters, conductivity (χ) and resistivity (ρ).
Temp. comp. (TC) / Linear coeff.	0.000 2.000 3.000 %/K	Coefficient of the linear temperature compensation. This menu item is only available when the linear temperature com- pensation is set.
Temp. comp. (TC) / Reference temp.	20 °C 25 °C	Reference temperature This setting is only available for the measured parameters, conductivity (χ) and resistivity (ρ).
Multiplier for TDS	0.40 1.00	Multiplier for TDS value
Reset	-	Resets all sensor settings to the delivery condition (see section 9.6.1 RESETTING THE MEASUREMENT SETTINGS, page 70).

9.5 Sensor-independent settings

9.5.1 System

To open the *Storage & config* menu, press the **<MENU/ENTER__**> key in the measured value display. After completing the settings, switch to the measured value display with **<M**>.

Default settings are printed in **bold**.

Menu item	Setting	Description
System / General / Language	<i>Deutsch</i> English (more)	Selects the menu language
System / General / Audio signal	on off	Switches on/off the beep on keystroke
System / General / Illumination	Auto on off	Switches the display illumination on/off
System / General / Contrast	0 50 100	Changes the display contrast
System / General / Shutoff time	10 min 1h 24 h	Adjusts the shutoff time
System / General / Temperature unit	°C °F	Temperature unit, degrees Celsius or degrees Fahrenheit. All temperature values are displayed with the selected unit.
System / General / Stability con- trol	on off	Switches on or off the automatic stability control during measurement (see section 9.5.3 AUTOMATIC STABILITY CONTROL, page 69)
System / Interface / Baud rate	1200, 2400, 4800 , 9600, 19200	Baud rate of the USB Device interface
System / Interface / Output format	ASCII CSV	Output format for data transmission For details, see section 11 TRANSMIT- TING DATA (USB INTERFACES), page 79
For: Output format CSV:		
 System / Interface / Decimal separator 	Dot (xx.x) Comma (xx,x)	Decimal separator
 System / Interface / Output header 		Output of a header
System /Clock function	Date format Datum Time	Settings of time and date. For details, see section 4.5.5 Example 2 ON NAVIGATION: SETTING THE DATE AND TIME, page 26
System /Service information		Hardware version and software version of the meter are displayed.

Menu item	Setting	Description
System /Reset	-	Resets the system settings to the default values. For details, see section 9.6.2 RESETTING THE SYSTEM SETTINGS, page 72

9.5.2 Data storage

This menu contains all functions to display, edit and erase stored measured values.



Detailed information on the memory functions of the MultiLab 4010-1 are given in section 10 DATA STORAGE, page 73.

9.5.3 Automatic Stability control

The automatic *Stability control* (AutoRead) function continuously checks the stability of the measurement signal. The stability has a considerable impact on the reproducibility of measured values.

You can activate or switch off the automatic *Stability control* function (see section 9.5 SENSOR-INDEPENDENT SETTINGS, page 68).

The measured parameter flashes on the display

- as soon as the measured value is outside the stability range
- when the automatic *Stability control* is switched off.

9.5.4 Automatic shutoff function

The instrument has an automatic shutoff function in order to save the batteries (see section 9.5.1 SYSTEM, page 68). The automatic shutoff function switches off the meter if no key is pressed for an adjustable period.

The automatic shutoff function is not active

- if the power pack is connected
- if a USB-B cable is connected
- if the Automatic data storage function is active, or with automatic data transmission

9.5.5 Display illumination

The meter automatically switches off the display illumination if no key is pressed for 20 seconds.

The illumination is switched on with the next keystroke again.

You can also generally switch on the display illumination (see section 9.5.1 SYSTEM, page 68).

9.6 Reset

You can reset (initialize) all sensor settings and sensor-independent settings separately from each other.

9.6.1 Resetting the measurement settings



The calibration data are reset to the default settings together with the measuring parameters. Recalibrate after performing a reset.

pH The following settings for pH measurements are reset to the default settings with the *Reset* function:

Setting	Default settings
Buffer	YSI
Calibration interval	7 d
Unit for slope	mV/pH
Measured parameter	рН
Unit for slope	0.001
mV resolution	0.1
Asymmetry	0 mV
Slope	-59.2 mV
Man. temperature	25 °C
Single-point calibration	off

The sensor settings are reset under the *Reset* menu item in the menu for calibration and measurement settings. To open the settings, display the required measured parameter in the measured value display and press the **<MENU**/**ENTER>** key.

ORP The following settings for ORP measurements are reset to the default settings with the *Reset* function:

Setting	Default settings
mV resolution	0.1
Man. temperature	25 °C

The sensor settings are reset under the *Reset* menu item in the menu for calibration and measurement settings. To open the settings, display the required measured parameter in the measured value display and press the **<MENU**/**ENTER>** key.

Dissolved oxygen The following settings for D.O. measurements are reset to the default settings with the *Reset* function:

Setting	Default settings
Calibration interval	180 d
Measured parameter	D.O. concentration (mg/l)
Salinity (value)	0.0
Salinity (function)	off
Resolution	0.1
DO % Saturation local	off

The sensor settings are reset under the *Reset* menu item in the menu for calibration and measurement settings. To open the settings, display the required measured parameter in the measured value display and press the **<MENU**/**ENTER>** key.

Conductivity The following settings for conductivity measurements are reset to the default settings with the *Reset* function:

Setting	Default settings
Calibration interval	150 d
Measured parameter	χ
Cell constant (c)	Depending on the connected mea- suring cell: 0.475 cm ⁻¹ (calibrated) 0.475 cm ⁻¹ (set) 0.100 cm ⁻¹
Temperature compensation	nLF
Reference temperature	25 °C
Temperature coefficient (TC) of the linear temperature compensation	2.000 %/K
Multiplier for TDS	1.00

The sensor settings are reset under the *Reset* menu item in the menu for calibration and measurement settings. To open the settings, display the required measured parameter in the measured value display and press the **<MENU**/**ENTER>** key.

9.6.2 Resetting the system settings

The following system settings can be reset to the default condition:

Setting	Default settings
Language	English
Audio signal	on
Baud rate	4800 Baud
Output format	ASCII
Decimal separator	
Contrast	50
Illumination	Auto
Shutoff time	1 h
Temperature unit	°C
Stability control	on

The system settings are reset in the menu, *Storage & config / System / Reset*. To open the *Storage & config* menu, press the **<MENU/ENTER__>** key in the measured value display.
10 Data storage

You can save measured values (datasets) to the data storage:

- Manual data storage (see section 10.1 MANUAL DATA STORAGE, page 73)
- Automatic data storage at intervals (see section 10.2 AUTOMATIC DATA STOR-AGE AT INTERVALS, page 74)

Each data storage process transmits the current dataset to the USB interface.

10.1 Manual data storage

You can save a measurement dataset to the data storage as follows. The dataset is at the same time output to the USB interface:

 Press the **<STO>** key <u>shortly</u>. The menu for manual data storage appears.

— Manual data storage 4 von 500—	
03.04.2013 07:43:33	
pH 7.000 24.8 °C AR +++	
ID number:	1
continue	
Back 03.04.2013	

2. If necessary, change and confirm the ID number (1 ... 10000) with $< > < \forall >$ and < MENU/ENTER >.

The dataset is stored. The meter switches to the measured value display.

If the data storage is full When all data storage locations are occupied, it is not possible to continue storing. Then you can e.g. transmit the stored data to a PC (see section 10.3.1 EDITING THE MEASURED VALUE DATA STORAGE, page 76) and subsequently erase the data storage (see section 10.3.2 ERASING THE MEASUREMENT DATA STOR-AGE, page 77).

10.2 Automatic data storage at intervals

The data storage interval (Interval) determines the time interval between automatic data storage processes. Each data storage process transmits the current dataset to the USB interface.

Configuring the automatic data storage function

1. Press the **<STO__>** key.

The menu for automatic data storage appears.



Settings You can configure the automatic data storage function with the following settings:

Menu item	Possible setting	Description
ID number	1 10000	ID number for the dataset series.
Interval	1 s, 5 s, 10 s, 30 s, 1 min, 5 min, 10 min, 15 min, 30 min, 60 min	Storage interval. The lower limit of the storage interval can be restricted by the number of free storage locations. The upper limit is restricted by the stor- age duration.
Duration	1 min x min	Storage duration. Specifies after which time the auto- matic data storage should be termi- nated. The lower limit of the storage duration is restricted by the storage interval. The upper limit is restricted by the number of free storage locations.

Starting the automatic data storage function To start the automatic data storage function, select *continue* with $< \Delta > < \nabla >$ and confirm with < MENU/ENTER >. The meter switches to the measured value display.



The active automatic data storage function can be recognized by the progress bar in the status line. The progress bar indicates the remaining storage duration.



If the automatic data storage function is activated, only the following keys are active: **<M>**, **<STO__>** and **<On/Off>**. The other keys and the automatic switch-off function are deactivated.

Terminating the automatic data storage function prematurely Proceed as follows to switch off the automatic data storage function before the adjusted storage duration has expired:

1. Press the **<STO__>** key. The following window appears.

Warning	
Stop automatic storage?	
yes	
no	
03.04.2013 08:00	

 Using <▲><▼>, select *yes* and confirm with <MENU/ENTER>. The meter switches to the measured value display. The automatic data storage function is terminated.

10.3 Measured value data storage

10.3.1 Editing the measured value data storage

The contents of the manual or automatic measurement data storage can be shown on the display.

Each of the measurement data storages has a function to erase the entire contents.

Editing the data storage is edited in the menu, Storage & config / Data storage. To open the Storage & config menu, press the <MENU/ENTER_> key in the measured value display.

Open the manual or automatic data storage directly with the **<RCL>** or **<RCL__>** key.



The settings are explained here using the manual data storage as an example. The same settings and functions are available for the automatic data storage.

Settings	Menu item	Setting/ function	Description
	Data storage / Manual data storage / Display	-	Displays all measurement datasets page by page.
			 Further options: Scroll through the datasets with <▲><▼>.
			 Output the displayed dataset to the interface with <f2>/[USB output].</f2>
			 Quit the display with <f1>/ [Back].</f1>
	Data storage / Manual data storage / Output to RS232/USB	-	Outputs all stored measurement data to the interface.
	Data storage / Manual data storage / Erase	-	Erases the entire manual measure- ment data storage. Note: All calibration data remain stored when this action is performed.

Display representation of a dataset	Manual data storage 3 of 64 03.04.2013 07:43:33 4110 B20234008565 pH 7.000 24.8 °C AR Sensor: +++
Representation of a dataset (USB output)	03.04.2013 07:43:33 MultiLab 4010-1 Ser. no. 09250023 ID number 2 4110 Ser. no. B092500013 pH 6.012 24.8 °C, AR, S: +++ 03.04.2013 07:43:53 MultiLab 4010-1 Ser. no. 09250013 ID number 2 4110 Ser. no. B092500013 pH 6.012 24.8 °C, AR, S: +++ etc

Quitting the display To quit the display of stored measurement datasets, you have the following options:

- Switch directly to the measured value display with <M>.
- Quit the display and move to the next higher menu level with <F1>/[Back].

10.3.2 Erasing the measurement data storage

Erasing the measurement data storage (see section 10.3.1 EDITING THE MEASURED VALUE DATA STORAGE, page 76).

10.3.3 Measurement dataset

A complete dataset includes:

- Date/time
- Meter name, series number
- Sensor name, series number

- ID number
- Measured value of the connected sensor
- Measured temperature value of the connected sensor
- AutoRead info: *AR* appears with the measured value if the AutoRead criterion was met while storing (stable measured value). Otherwise, the *AR* display is missing.
- Calibration evaluation:
 - 4 levels (+++, ++, +, -, or no evaluation) or
 - QSC (percentage)

10.3.4 Storage locations

The MultiLab 4010-1 meter has two measurement data storages. The measured values recorded either manually or automatic are stored separately in individual measurement data storages.

Data storage	Maximum number of datasets
Manual data storage	500
Automatic data storage	5000

11 Transmitting data (USB interfaces)

11.1 Outputting current measurement data

1. Output the current measurement data to the USB-B interface with <**F2**>[USB output].

11.2 Transmitting data (to a PC)

The meter has a USB-B interface (USB Device) e.g. to connect a PC.

Via the USB-B interface (*USB Device*) you can transmit data to a PC or printer and update the meter software.

11.3 Connecting the PC / USB-B interface (USB Device)

Connect the MultiLab 4010-1 to the PC via the USB-B interface.

Installation of the USB driver on the PC

- System requirements of the PC for installation of the USB driver:
 PC with at least one free USB connection and CD-ROM drive
- Windows 2000, Windows XP, Windows Vista or Windows 7.
- 1. Insert the supplied installation CD in the CD drive of your PC.
- 2. Install the driver from the CD. Follow the Windows installation instructions as necessary.
- 3. Connect the MultiLab 4010-1 to the PC via the USB-B interface. The meter is listed as a virtual COM interface among the connections in the Windows instrument manager.
- 4. Set the same transmission data at the connected instrument (PC):
 - Baud rate: to be selected in the range 1200 ... 19200
 - Handshake: RTS/CTS
 - Set at the PC only:
 - Parity: none
 - Data bits: 8
 - Stop bits: 2

11.4 Options for data transmission to a PC

Via the USB-B interface you can transmit data to a PC. The following table shows which data are transmitted to the interface in which way:

Data	Control	Operation / description
Current	manual	• With <f2< b="">>/<i>[USB output]</i>.</f2<>
measured val- ues of all con- nected		 Simultaneously with every manual storage process (see section 10.1 MANUAL DATA STORAGE, page 73).
	automatic, at intervals	 With <f2_>/[USB output]. Then you can set the transmission interval.</f2_>
		 Simultaneously with every auto- matic storage process (see section 10.2 AUTOMATIC DATA STORAGE AT INTERVALS, page 74).
Stored mea- sured values	manual	• Displayed dataset with < F2 >[USB output] after calling up from the data storage.
		 All datasets with the Output to RS232/USB function. (see section 10.3.1 EDITING THE MEASURED VALUE DATA STORAGE, page 76).
Calibration records	manual	 Calibration record with <f2>/[USB output] (see section 5.2.6 CALIBRA- TION DATA, page 37; section 7.2.6 CALIBRATION DATA, page 51; section 8.3.4 CALIBRATION DATA, page 57).</f2>
	automatic	 At the end of a calibration proce- dure.



The following rule applies: With the exception of the menus, shortly pressing the **<F2>**/[USB output] key generally outputs the display contents to the interface (displayed measured values, measuring datasets, calibration records).

11.5 MultiLab Importer

With the aid of the MultiLab Importer software, you can record and evaluate measuring data with a PC.



More detailed information can be found in the MultiLab Importer operating manual.

11.6 BOD Analyst Pro

With the aid of the BOD Analyst Pro software you can administrate BOD measurement on the PC and automatically calculate the measured values.



More detailed information can be found in the BOD Analyst Pro operating manual.



12 Printer (only MultiLab 4010P-1)

12.1 Commissioning / switching the printer on or off

Switching on the printer

 Connect the power pack to the MultiLab 4010P-1. The LED lights up green. The printer is ready for operation. or If the printer was switched off (LED flashing): Switch on the printer with **<OFF>**. The LED lights up green. The printer is ready for operation.



1.

If there is a USB connection (such as to a PC) the data are output only to the PC.

Switching off the printer

Switch off the printer with **<OFF>**. The LED flashes. The printer is switched off.

12.2 Operation / printing

Data are only output to the printer if the following conditions are met

- Data are transmitted manually or automatically (see section 11.4 OPTIONS FOR DATA TRANSMISSION TO A PC, page 80)
- the printer is switched on (LED illuminated)
- there is no USB connection.

12.3 Printer settings

To open the *Storage* & *config* menu, press the **<F1__**>/[Menü] key in the measured value display. After completing the settings, switch to the measured value display with **<M>**.

Default settings are printed in **bold**.

Menu item	Possible set- ting	Description
System / Printer / Font size	12x20 8x16 7x16	Select the font size for the printer A print sample (character set of the printer) to view the available font sizes can be printed with <off_></off_> .
System / Printer / Print test page	-	The printer prints the meter informa- tion from the <i>System / Service infor- mation</i> menu. The current printer settings are used for the printout.

12.4 Maintenance

12.4.1 Changing the roll of paper (thermal paper)

- 1. Pull the lever (3) until the lid (4) of the paper compartment opens.
- 2. If necessary, remove any remains of the old roll of paper.
- 3. Insert the new roll of paper. The start of the paper should poke out of the paper compartment.
- 4. Close the lid (4) of the paper compartment so that it clicks into place.
- 5. If necessary, move the printer paper forward with **<ON/FEED>**.

section 11.4 OPTIONS FOR DATA

TRANSMISSION TO A PC, page 80)

Integrated printer	Cause	Remedy
does not print	 Printer switched off (LED flashing) 	 Switch on the printer (LED illuminated)
	 No power pack connected 	 Connect the power pack
	 USB cable connected 	 Disconnect the USB cable from the meter
	 Function "automatic storing at intervals" with long intervals is switched on 	 Switch off the function (see section 10.2 AUTOMATIC DATA STORAGE AT INTERVALS, page 74)
	 No paper available 	 Insert a roll of paper
Printer operating -	Cause	Remedy
paper not being printed	 Paper inserted the wrong way up 	 Turn the roll of paper around and insert it with the other side upwards
Integrated printer	Cause	Remedy
prints automatically	 The function "Automatic storage at intervals" or "Transmit data automatic at intervals" is 	 Switch off the function (see section 10.2 AUTOMATIC DATA STORAGE AT INTERVALS, page 74 or

12.5 What to do if... / printer

switched on

13 Maintenance, cleaning, disposal

13.1 Maintenance

13.1.1 General maintenance activities

The only maintenance activity required is replacing the batteries.



See the relevant operating manuals of the IDS sensors for instructions on maintenance.

13.1.2 Replacing the batteries



You can operate the meter either with normal batteries or with rechargeable batteries (Ni-MH). In order to charge the batteries, an external charging device is required.

1. Open the battery compartment (1) on the underside of the meter.



CAUTION

Make sure that the poles of the batteries are positioned correctly. The ± signs on the batteries must correspond to the ± signs in

2. Place four batteries (type Mignon AA) in the battery compartment.

3. Close the battery compartment (1).

the battery compartment.

4. Set the date and time (see section 4.5.5 EXAMPLE 2 ON NAVIGATION: SETTING THE DATE AND TIME, page 26).

_

Dispose of used batteries according to the local regulations of your country.

End users within the European Union are obligated to return used batteries (even ecologically compatible ones) to a collection point set up for recycling purposes.

Batteries are marked with the crossed-out waste container symbol. Therefore, they may not be disposed with the domestic waste.

13.2 Cleaning

Occasionally wipe the outside of the measuring instrument with a damp, lint-free cloth. Disinfect the housing with isopropanol as required.



CAUTION The housing is made of synthetic material (ABS). Thus, avoid contact with acetone or similar detergents that contain solvents. Remove any splashes immediately.

13.3 Packing

This meter is sent out in a protective transport packing. We recommend: Keep the packing material. The original packing protects the meter against damage during transport.

13.4 Disposal

At the end of its operational lifetime, the meter must be returned to the disposal or return system statutory in your country. If you have any questions, please contact your supplier.

What to do if... 14

14.1 pH



More information and instructions on cleaning and exchange of sensors are given in the documentation of your sensor.

Error	mes	sage
	OFL,	UFL

Cause	Remedy
IDS pH sensor:	
 Measured value outside the measuring range 	 Use suitable IDS pH sensor
 Air bubble in front of the junction 	 Remove air bubble
 Cable broken 	 Exchange IDS pH sensor
 Gel electrolyte dried out 	 Exchange IDS pH sensor

Error message, Error

Cause	Remedy
IDS pH sensor:	
 The values determined for zero point and slope of the pH sensor are outside the allowed limits. 	– Recalibrate
 pH sensor contaminated 	 Clean IDS pH sensor
 pH sensor broken 	 Exchange IDS pH sensor
Buffer solutions:	
 The used buffer solutions do not agree with the set buffer set 	Set different buffer setorUse different buffer solutions
 Buffer solutions too old 	 Use only once. Note the shelf life
 Buffer solutions depleted 	 Change solutions

No stable measured	Cause	Remedy
value	IDS pH sensor:	
	 pH sensor contaminated 	 Clean pH sensor
	Test sample:	
	 pH value not stable 	 Measure with air excluded if neces- sary
	 Temperature not stable 	 Adjust temperature if necessary
	IDS pH consor + tost comple:	
	 Conductivity too low 	 Use suitable IDS pH sensor
	 Temperature too high 	 Use suitable IDS pH sensor

Obviously incorrect	(
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mea	asur	ed y	val	ues

Cause	Remedy
IDS pH sensor:	
 pH sensor unsuitable 	 Use suitable IDS sensor
 Temperature difference between buffer and test sample too great 	 Adjust temperature of buffer or sam- ple solutions
 Measurement procedure not suitable 	 Follow special procedure

- Use suitable IDS pH sensor

14.2 Dissolved oxygen

- Organic liquids



More information and instructions on cleaning and exchange of sensors are given in the documentation of your sensor.

Error message, OFL, UFL The measured value is outside the measuring range.

Cause	Remedy
 Measured value outside the measuring range 	 Use a suitable IDS D.O. sensor

Error message,	Cause	Remedy	
Enor	 Sensor contaminated 	 Clean the sensor 	
	 Measured temperature value outside the operating conditions (display of OFL/UFL instead of a temperature value) 	 Keep to the temperature range for the test sample 	
	 Defective sensor 	CalibrateChange sensor capReplace sensor	

14.3 Conductivity



More information and instructions on cleaning and exchange of sensors are given in the documentation of your sensor.

Error message, The measured value is outside the measuring range.

OFL, UFL

Cause	Remedy
 Measured value outside the measuring range 	 Use suitable IDS conductivity sensor

Error message,	Cause	Remedy
LIIO	 Sensor contaminated 	 Clean the sensor and replace it if necessary
	 Calibration solution not suitable 	 Check the calibration solutions

14.4 General information

Sensor symbol	Cause	Remedy	
liasiles	 Calibration interval expired 	 Recalibrate the measuring system 	

	Cause	Remedy
	 Batteries almost empty 	 Replace the batteries (see section 13.1 MAINTENANCE, page 86)
Display		
Instrument does not	Cause	Remedy
react to keystroke	 Operating condition undefined or EMC load unallowed 	 Processor reset: Press the <enter></enter> and <on off=""></on> key simultaneously
You want to know	Cause	Remedy
which software version is in the meter or IDS sensor	 E. g., a question by the service department 	– Switch on the meter.
		 Open the menu, <enter_> / Storage & config / System / Service information. The instrument data are displayed.</enter_>
		or – Connect the sensor. Press softkey [<f1></f1> <i>Info</i> <f1></f1>] / [<i>More</i>] The sensor data are displayed (see section 4.1.5 SENSOR INFO, page

18)

15 Technical data

15.1 Measuring ranges, resolution, accuracy

Measuring ranges, accuracy	Parameter	Measuring range	Accuracy
	Air pressure (abso- lute)*	225 825 mm Hg	± 3 mm Hg

* Available only if a D.O. sensor is connected



Further data are given in the documentation of your sensor.

15.2 General data

Dimensions	MultiLab 4010-1:	Approx. 230 x 190 x 80 mm (9.06 x 7.48 x 3.15 inches)								
Weight MultiLab 4010-1:		Approx. 0.8 kg (1.76 pounds)								
Mechanical structure Type of protection		IP 43								
Electrical safety	Protective class	111								
Test certificates	CE, cETLus									
Ambient conditions	Storage	-25 °C +65 °C								
	Operation	+5 °C +55 °C With the power pack connected: +5 °C +40 °C								
	Admissible relative humidity	Yearly mean: < 75 % 30 days/year: 95 % Other days: 85 %								
Power supply	Batteries	4 x 1.5 V alkali-manganese batteries, type AA								
	Operational life	Approx. 150 h*								
	Power pack	Kuantech Co. Ltd. KSAC 0900110W1UV-1 Input: 100 240 V ~ / 50 60 Hz / 270 mA Output: 9 V = / 1.1 A Connection max. overvoltage category II Primary plugs contained in the scope of delivery: Euro, US, UK and Australian.								

* The operational life is shorter fs the display illumination is switched on permanently

USB interface (device)	Туре	USB 1.1 USB-B (Device), PC								
	Baud rate	Adjustable: 1200, 2400, 4800, 9600, 19200 Baud								
	Data bits	8								
	Stop bits	2								
	Parity	None								
	Handshake	RTS/CTS								
	Cable length	Max. 3 m								
Applicable directives	EMC	EC directive 2004/108/EC								
and standards		EN 61326-1 EN 61000-3-2 EN 61000-3-3 FCC Class A								
	Meter safety	EC directive 2006/95/EC EN 61010-1 UL 61010-1 CAN/CSA-C22.2#61010-1								
	IP protection class	EN 60529								

FCC Class A Equipment Statement

<u>Note:</u> This equipment has been tested and found to comply with the limits for a Class A digital device, pursuant to Part 15 of the FCC Rules. These limits are designed to provide reasonable protection against harmful interference when the equipment is operated in a commercial environment. This equipment generates, uses, and can radiate radio frequency energy and, if not installed and used in accordance with the instruction manual, may cause harmful interference to radio communications. Operation of this equipment in a residential area is likely to cause harmful interference in which case the user will be required to correct the interference at his own expense. Changes or modifications not expressly approved by the manufacturer could void the user's authority to operate the equipment.

16 Firmware update

16.1 Firmware update for the meter MultiLab 4010-1

You can find available firmware update files for your meter on the Internet. With the "Firmware Update " program and a PC you can update the firmware of the MultiLab 4010-1 to the newest version.

For the update you have to connect the meter to a PC.

For the update via the USB-B interface, the following is required:

- a free USB interface (virtual COM port) on the PC
- the driver for the USB interface (on the enclosed CD-ROM)
- the USB cable (included in the scope of delivery of the MultiLab 4010-1).
- Install the downloaded firmware update on a PC. An update folder is created in the Windows start menu. If an update folder already exists for the meter (or meter type), the new data are displayed there.
- 2. In the windows start menu, open the update folder and start the firmware update program for the meter
- 3. Using the USB interface cable, connect the MultiLab 4010-1 to a USB interface (virtual COM port) of the PC.
- 4. Switch on the MultiLab 4010-1.
- 5. In the firmware update program, start the update process with OK.
- Follow the instructions of the firmware update program. During the programming process, a corresponding message and a progress bar (in %) are displayed. The programming process takes up to 15 minutes. A terminatory message is displayed after a successful programming process. The firmware update is completed.
- 7. Disconnect the MultiLab 4010-1 from the PC. The MultiLab 4010-1 is ready for operation again.

After switching the meter off and on you can check whether the meter has taken over the new software version (see You want to know which software VERSION IS IN THE METER OR IDS SENSOR, PAGE 91).

16.2 Firmware-Update for IDS Sensors

With the "Firmware Update" program and a PC you can update the firmware of an IDS sensor to the newest version.

You can find available firmware update files for your IDS sensor on the Internet.

For updating, connect the IDS sensor to the MultiLab 4010-1, and the MultiLab 4010-1 to a PC.

For the update via the USB-B interface, the following is required:

- a free USB interface (virtual COM port) on the PC
- the driver for the USB interface (on the enclosed CD-ROM)
- the USB cable (included in the scope of delivery of the MultiLab 4010-1).
- Install the downloaded firmware update on a PC. An update folder is created in the Windows start menu. If an update folder already exists for the sensor (or sensor type), the new data are displayed there.
- 2. In the windows start menu, open the update folder and start the firmware update program for the IDS sensor
- 3. Connect the IDS sensor to the MultiLab 4010-1 meter.
- 4. Using the USB interface cable, connect the MultiLab 4010-1 to a USB interface (virtual COM port) of the PC.
- 5. Switch on the MultiLab 4010-1.
- 6. In the firmware update program, start the update process with OK.
- 7. Follow the instructions of the firmware update program. During the programming process, a corresponding message and a progress bar (in %) are displayed. The programming process takes up to 5 minutes. A terminatory message is displayed after a successful programming process. The firmware update is completed.
- 8. Disconnect the MultiLab 4010-1 from the PC. Meter and sensor are ready for operation again.

After switching the meter off and on you can check whether the sensor has taken over the new software version (see YOU WANT TO KNOW WHICH SOFTWARE VERSION IS IN THE METER OR IDS SENSOR, PAGE 91).

17 Glossary

pH/ORP

Asymmetry	see zero point
Electromotive force of an electrode	The electromotive force U of the combination electrode is the measur- able electromotive force of an electrode in a solution. It equals the sum of all the galvanic voltages of the combination electrode. Its dependency on the pH results in the electrode function, which is char- acterized by the parameters, slope and zero point.
Junction	The junction is a porous body in the housing wall of reference elec- trodes or electrolyte bridges. It arranges the electrical contact between two solutions and makes the electrolyte exchange more dif- ficult. The expression, junction, is also used for ground or junction- less transitions.
ORP voltage (U)	The ORP is caused by oxidizing or reducing substances dissolved in water if these substances become effective on an electrode surface (e. g. a gold or platinum surface).
pH value	The pH value is a measure of the acidic or basic effect of an aqueous solution. It corresponds to the negative decadic logarithm of the molal hydrogen ions activity divided by the unit of the molality. The practical pH value is the value of a pH measurement.
Potentiometry	Name of a measuring technique. The signal (depending on the mea- sured parameter) of the electrode is the electrical potential. The elec- trical current remains constant.
Slope	The slope of a linear calibration function.
Zero point	The zero point of a pH combination electrode is the pH value at which the electromotive force of the pH combination electrode at a specified temperature is zero. Normally, this is at 25 °C.

Conductivity

Cell constant, C	Characteristic quantity of a conductivity measuring cell, depending on the geometry.
Conductivity, χ	Short form of the expression, specific electrical conductivity. It corresponds to the reciprocal value of the resistivity. It is a measured value of the ability of a substance to conduct an elec- tric current. In water analysis, the electrical conductivity is a dimension for the ionized substances in a solution.
Reference temperature	Fixed temperature value to compare temperature-dependent mea- sured values. For conductivity measurements, the measured value is converted to a conductivity value at a reference temperature of 20 °C or 25 °C.
Resistivity, ρ	Short name for the electrolytic resistivity. It corresponds to the reciprocal value of the electrical conductivity.

Salinity	The absolute salinity S_A of seawater corresponds to the relationship of the mass of dissolved salts to the mass of the solution (in g/kg). In practice, this dimension cannot be measured directly. Therefore, the practical salinity according to IOT is used for oceanographic monitor- ing. It is determined by measuring the electrical conductivity.
Salt content	General designation for the quantity of salt dissolved in water.
Temperature	Value of the slope α of a linear temperature function.
coefficient	$\Re_{T_{Ref}} = \Re_{Meas} * \frac{1}{1 + \alpha * (T - T_{Ref})}$
Temperature compensation	Name of a function that considers the temperature influence on the measurement and converts it accordingly. Depending on the measured parameter to be determined, the temperature compensation functions in different ways. For conductimetric measurements, the measured value is converted to a defined reference temperature. For potentiometric measurements, the slope value is adjusted to the temperature of the test sample but the measured value is not converted.

Dissolved oxygen

D.O. % saturation Short name for the "relative D.O. saturation".

Relation of the D.O. partial pressure in the test sample to the D.O. partial pressure of air at the current air pressure. Example: 100% means that the test sample and the ambient air have the same D.O. partial pressure – air and test sample are balanced.

Salinity The absolute salinity S_A of seawater corresponds to the relationship of the mass of dissolved salts to the mass of the solution (in g/kg). In practice, this dimension cannot be measured directly. Therefore, the practical salinity according to IOT is used for oceanographic monitoring. It is determined by measuring the electrical conductivity.

Salt content General designation for the quantity of salt dissolved in water.

General information

- Adjusting To manipulate a measuring system so that the relevant value (e. g. the displayed value) differs as little as possible from the correct value or a value that is regarded as correct, or that the difference remains within the tolerance.
- **AutoRange** Name of the automatic selection of the measuring range.
- CalibrationComparing the value from a measuring system (e. g. the displayed
value) to the correct value or a value that is regarded as correct.
Often, this expression is also used when the measuring system is
adjusted at the same time (see adjusting).

Measured parameter	The measured parameter is the physical dimension determined by measuring, e. g. pH, conductivity or D.O. concentration.
Measured value	The measured value is the special value of a measured parameter to be determined. It is given as a combination of the numerical value and unit (e. g. 3 m; 0.5 s; 5.2 A; 373.15 K).
Molality	Molality is the quantity (in Mol) of a dissolved substance in 1000 g solvent.
Reset	Restoring the original condition of all settings of a measuring system.
Resolution	Smallest difference between two measured values that can be dis- played by a meter.
Stability control (AutoRead)	Function to control the measured value stability.
Standard solution	The standard solution is a solution where the measured value is known. It is used to calibrate a measuring system.
Temperature function	Name of a mathematical function expressing the temperature behav- ior of a test sample, a sensor or part of a sensor.
Test sample	Designation of the test sample ready to be measured. Normally, a test sample is made by processing the original sample. The test sample and original sample are identical if the test sample was not processed.

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19 Appendix

19.1 Oxygen solubility table

Solubility of oxygen in mg/L in water exposed to water-saturated air at 760 mm Hg pressure.

Salinity = Measure of quantity of dissolved salts in water.

Chlorinity = Measure of chloride content, by mass, of water.

S(0/00) = 1.80655 x Chlorinity (0/00)

Temp °C	Chlorinity: 0 Salinity: 0	5.0 ppt 9.0 ppt	10.0 ppt 18.1 ppt	15.0 ppt 27.1 ppt	20.0 ppt 36.1 ppt	25.0 ppt 45.2 ppt
0.0	14.621	13.728	12.888	12.097	11.355	10.657
1.0	14.216	13.356	12.545	11.783	11.066	10.392
2.0	13.829	13.000	12.218	11.483	10.790	10.139
3.0	13.460	12.660	11.906	11.195	10.526	9.897
4.0	13.107	12.335	11.607	10.920	10.273	9.664
5.0	12.770	12.024	11.320	10.656	10.031	9.441
6.0	12.447	11.727	11.046	10.404	9.799	9.228
7.0	12.139	11.442	10.783	10.162	9.576	9.023
8.0	11.843	11.169	10.531	9.930	9.362	8.826
9.0	11.559	10.907	10.290	9.707	9.156	8.636
10.0	11.288	10.656	10.058	9.493	8.959	8.454
11.0	10.027	10.415	9.835	9.287	8.769	8.279
12.0	10.777	10.183	9.621	9.089	8.586	8.111
13.0	10.537	9.961	9.416	8.899	8.411	7.949
14.0	10.306	9.747	9.218	8.716	8.242	7.792
15.0	10.084	9.541	9.027	8.540	8.079	7.642
16.0	9.870	9.344	8.844	8.370	7.922	7.496
17.0	9.665	9.153	8.667	8.207	7.770	7.356
18.0	9.467	8.969	8.497	8.049	7.624	7.221
19.0	9.276	8.792	8.333	7.896	7.483	7.090
20.0	9.092	8.621	8.174	7.749	7.346	6.964
21.0	8.915	8.456	8.021	7.607	7.214	6.842
22.0	8.743	8.297	7.873	7.470	7.087	6.723
23.0	8.578	8.143	7.730	7.337	6.963	6.609
24.0	8.418	7.994	7.591	7.208	6.844	6.498
25.0	8.263	7.850	7.457	7.093	6.728	6.390
26.0	8.113	7.711	7.327	6.962	6.615	6.285
27.0	7.968	7.575	7.201	6.845	6.506	6.184
28.0	7.827	7.444	7.079	6.731	6.400	6.085
29.0	7.691	7.317	6.961	6.621	6.297	5.990
30.0	7.559	7.194	6.845	6.513	6.197	5.896
31.0	7.430	7.073	6.733	6.409	6.100	5.806
32.0	7.305	6.957	6.624	6.307	6.005	5.717

Temp °C	Chlorinity: 0 Salinity: 0	5.0 ppt 9.0 ppt	10.0 ppt 18.1 ppt	15.0 ppt 27.1 ppt	20.0 ppt 36.1 ppt	25.0 ppt 45.2 ppt
33.0	7.183	6.843	6.518	6.208	5.912	5.631
34.0	7.065	6.732	6.415	6.111	5.822	5.546
35.0	6.950	6.624	6.314	6.017	5.734	5.464
36.0	6.837	6.519	6.215	5.925	5.648	5.384
37.0	6.727	6.416	6.119	5.835	5.564	5.305
38.0	6.620	6.316	6.025	5.747	5.481	5.228
39.0	6.515	6.217	5.932	5.660	5.400	5.152
40.0	6.412	6.121	5.842	5.576	5.321	5.078
41.0	6.312	6.026	5.753	5.493	5.243	5.005
42.0	6.213	5.934	5.667	5.411	5.167	4.993
43.0	6.116	5.843	5.581	5.331	5.091	4.861
44.0	6.021	5.753	5.497	5.252	5.017	4.793
45.0	5.927	5.665	5.414	5.174	4.944	4.724
46.0	5.835	5.578	5.333	5.097	4.872	4.656
47.0	5.744	5.493	5.252	5.021	4.801	4.589
48.0	5.654	5.408	5.172	4.947	4.730	4.523
49.0	5.565	5.324	5.094	4.872	4.660	4.457
50.0	5.477	5.242	5.016	4.799	4.591	4.392

	Pressu	ire	Al	titude	Calibration value	
Inches Hg	mm Hg	kPa	mbar	Feet	Meters	% Saturation
30.22	767.6	102.3	1023	-276	-84	101
29.92	760	101.3	1013	0	0	100
29.62	752.4	100.3	1003	278	85	99
29.32	744.8	99.3	993	558	170	98
29.02	737.2	98.3	983	841	256	97
28.72	729.6	97.3	973	1126	343	96
28.43	722	96.3	963	1413	431	95
28.13	714.4	95.2	952	1703	519	94
27.83	706.8	94.2	942	1995	608	93
27.53	699.2	93.2	932	2290	698	92
27.23	691.6	92.2	922	2587	789	91
26.93	684	91.2	912	2887	880	90
26.63	676.4	90.2	902	3190	972	89
26.33	668.8	89.2	892	3496	1066	88
26.03	661.2	88.1	881	3804	1106	87
25.73	653.6	87.2	871	4115	1254	86
25.43	646	86.1	861	4430	1350	85
25.13	638.4	85.1	851	4747	1447	84
24.84	630.8	84.1	841	5067	1544	83
24.54	623.2	83.1	831	5391	1643	82
24.24	615.6	82.1	821	5717	1743	81
23.94	608.0	81.06	811	6047	1843	80
23.64	600.4	80.05	800	6381	1945	79
23.34	592.8	79.03	790	6717	2047	78
23.04	585.2	78.02	780	7058	2151	77
22.74	577.6	77.01	770	7401	2256	76
22.44	570.0	75.99	760	7749	2362	75
22.14	562.4	74.98	749	8100	2469	74
21.84	554.8	73.97	739	8455	2577	73
21.54	547.2	72.95	729	8815	2687	72
21.26	539.6	71.94	720	9178	2797	71
20.94	532	70.93	709	9545	2909	70
20.64	524	69.92	699	9917	3023	69
20.35	517	68.91	689	10293	3137	68
20.05	509	67.9	679	10673	3371	67
19.75	502	66.89	669	11058	3371	66

19.2 DO% Calibration values

20 Contact Information

20.1 Ordering & Technical Support

<u>Telephone</u> :	(800) 897-4151 (937) 767-7241 Monday through Friday, 8:00 AM to 5:00 PM ET
<u>Fax</u> :	(937) 767-1058
<u>Email</u> :	environmental@ysi.com
<u>Mail</u> :	YSI Incorporated 1725 Brannum Lane Yellow Springs, OH 45387 USA
Internet:	www.ysi.com

When placing an order please have the following information available:

YSI account number (if available)	Name and Phone Number
Model number or brief description	Billing and shipping address
Quantity	Purchase Order or Credit Card

20.2 Service Information

YSI has authorized service centers throughout the United States and Internationally. For the nearest service center information, please visit <u>www.ysi.com</u> and click 'Support' or contact YSI Technical Support directly at 800-897-4151.

When returning a product for service, include the Product Return form with cleaning certification. The form must be completely filled out for an YSI Service Center to accept the instrument for service. The Product Return form may be downloaded at <u>www.ysi.com</u> and clicking on the 'Support' tab.

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